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The Solicitors' Journal
and Weekly Reporter.

LONDON, MAY 1, 1909.

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All letters intended for publication must be authenticated by the name of the writer.

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Current Topics.

The Need for More Judges.

THERE WAS really no need for the eminent leaders who proposed and supported the resolution at the Bar meeting, relative to the imperative necessity for the immediate appointment of additional judges of the King's Bench Division, to support their case by argument or statistics. Anyone, except apparently the Government, must be aware that, when three judges were taken away for fifty days in last year to hear criminal appeals, their places in the ordinary work of the Division must be supplied or there will be grievous arrears; and we have now the recommendation in the report of the County Court Committee in favour of an increase in the number of judges. Surely this cannot now be long delayed.

Restraining Proceedings in Foreign Courts.

WE COMMENTED, in our issue of March 20th (*ante*, p. 350), on the case of *Vardopulo v. Vardopulo*, in which the President of the Probate Division made an order restraining the husband (respondent in a suit for judicial separation) from prosecuting proceedings for divorce in the French courts. We suggested that if the husband had really acquired a French domicile, this order of the English court could not be sustained. The Court of Appeal have now (see the report elsewhere) allowed the husband's appeal against the President's order. It was held, on further evidence, that the husband had now acquired a French domicile, and was, therefore, entitled to take proceedings in France for divorce, notwithstanding the wife's suit in England for judicial separation. The Master of the Rolls said he "knew of no authority for saying that a defendant could be restrained from commencing and prosecuting proceedings in another jurisdiction to enforce rights which he had acquired in that country against the plaintiff under the law of that foreign country."

Intermediate Judges.

A PROPOSAL, praiseworthy from the point of view of economy, was made in a letter to the *Times* of the 22nd ult., over the signature "F. A. S." The demand for additional judges of the King's Bench Division has been made from various quarters, and is an essential part of the scheme suggested in the County Court Report. Why not, says "F. A. S.," meet it by the appointment of three intermediate judges at £2,000 a year each, who would take those High Court cases in which the jurisdiction of the High Court overlaps that of the county court? These judges, it is suggested, would have "the same qualification, status, and jurisdiction as county court judges," and would be "empowered to try, with or without juries, all actions brought in

the High Court which could have been brought in the county court, or can be remitted from the High Court to a county court; and with appeal to the Divisional Court, as in the case of appeals from county courts." The saving by such an innovation, as compared with the cost of two additional High Court judges, is a matter of easy calculation. It is £6,000 as against £10,000, or a gain of £4,000 a year in money, and, since the intermediate judges would not go on circuit or do chamber work, it would mean, perhaps, the trying of twice as many actions as the two additional judges would try. The scheme has evidently been carefully thought out, and there is much to be said in its favour. The chief objection to it, we imagine, is that it would be in effect the transfer of the intermediate actions to the county court, and the inclusion of the intermediate judges as county court judges. There is, indeed, no room between the High Court and the county court for an intermediate tribunal; for whatever the new judges were styled they would not, nor does the scheme intend that they should, rank as High Court judges. Their courts would be regarded as on the same plane as the county courts, and it would be inevitable that the judges themselves would be recruited in general from the county court bench. The scheme, if adopted, would simply pave the way for the amalgamation of the county court and the High Court.

Elderly Men and the Workmen's Compensation Act.

WHEN THE Workmen's Compensation Act, 1906, was being considered in Parliament, a clause was proposed with the object of allowing elderly and infirm men to partially contract out of its provisions. All such proposals were, however, defeated. Most positive assertions have been made both ways as to the effect of the Compensation Acts on the employment of elderly men. It is difficult, however, in our opinion, for anyone who has carefully watched the operation of the Acts to avoid coming to the conclusion that elderly men find it much more difficult to get work than they did formerly. In the course of nature as his years advance the workman becomes conscious of defects of sight and defects of hearing. Also he becomes less strong and less quick. All these things make him more liable to accident than he used to be, and naturally employers prefer to engage sounder and younger men. The statistics shew a very considerable increase in pauperism amongst adult able-bodied males since the 1897 Act was passed; and the recent report of the Poor Law Commissioners clearly shews that the Acts are, to a great extent, answerable for this increase; another cause, of course, is the inability of elderly men to earn the minimum wages required by the rules of the trades unions. Many an employer would gladly give work to an old man if the man could accept wages proportionate to his decreased efficiency and earning power. The trade union, however, forbids this, and we have no remedy to suggest. This cause was, however, in full operation long before the 1897 Act came into force, and therefore it cannot be answerable for the increase in pauperism since that date. We venture to suggest that a change in the law is urgently needed and could be effected very simply. It is not necessary to give a workman of any age power to contract himself entirely out of all right to compensation in case of injury by accident, but he should be allowed to agree to accept compensation on a reduced scale. This might very well be a sliding scale. For example, a workman of over fifty might contract that, in case of incapacity, compensation should not exceed 10s. a week, and in the case of a workman of over sixty the sum might be 5s. a week. A very short and simple Act of Parliament would be sufficient to bring about this change; and if such an Act were passed, probably the effect on pauperism and on the happiness and well-being of elderly workmen would speedily be apparent.

The Marine Insurance (Gambling) Policies Bill.

MR. WINSTON CHURCHILL, in introducing this Bill in the House of Commons, explained clearly the nature of P.P.I. or honour policies. Speaking generally, these are contracts of marine insurance which the law, as codified by the Marine Insurance Act, 1906, declares to be void because either the assured has no insurable interest, or has no expectation of acquiring such

an interest, or because the policy is made "interest or no interest," or "without further proof of interest than the policy itself," or "without benefit of salvage to the insurer," or subject to any other like term. All these contracts of marine insurance are void in law, but they are not void in fact, they are valid in practice. Mr. CHURCHILL was careful to explain that all these transactions were not open to objection. A P.P.I. policy was taken out in some cases by persons who had a real interest, but who availed themselves of this form for the purpose of safeguarding their interest. It might be convenient to supplement the difference between a cover policy and a total loss of ship and cargo, or the policy might be taken out to insure an interest which, though real, was difficult to prove. But mixed up with this legitimate business, under policies which were void in law, there was doubtful and unhealthy business, over-insurance and double insurance, for which P.P.I. policies were largely used. P.P.I. policies were often taken out by persons who were wholly without interest in ship or cargo, who would gain nothing by safe arrival, and who in fact only gained by the loss of the vessel. Such insurances were gaming in the full and true sense of the term. It was gambling, not in property, but in human life. A vessel, trading perhaps at a loss, in a bad state of repair, left port overloaded or undermanned. She carried a dangerous cargo, and it was found that such a vessel, just in the same way as a wounded animal, attracted the attention of the vultures, became the subject of insurances by people who lived far away from the sea, who had nothing whatever to do with the venture, but who, thinking the ship likely to be lost, hoped to gain by its being lost. These were the evils which the Bill sought to check. We have no doubt that this measure will receive due consideration from the shipping interest and that much of the criticism bestowed upon it will refer only to the language in which it is framed. The time is approaching, in the opinion of many persons, when general legislation to restrain the progress of gaming and betting in this country may be required. But it can seldom be so dangerous and harmful as where it is connected with loss of life and property by shipwreck.

Property in a Corpse.

IN A recent issue (*ante*, p. 146) we noticed the case of *Spence v. Doodeward*, in which leave to appeal from the High Court of Australia was refused by the Judicial Committee. The case is now fully reported as heard in the High Court of Australia: *Doodeward v. Spence* (7 Com. L. R. 406). The action was one to recover possession of the body of a still-born two-headed child, which, some forty years ago, had been placed in spirits as a curiosity by the surgeon who attended the birth. The plaintiff in the action was the son of a person who had purchased the jar and its contents on the death of the surgeon, and was prosecuted for exhibiting the body in public. The defendant was an inspector of police who took possession of the jar and refused to return the body of the child. The Supreme Court of New South Wales had held unanimously that the plaintiff was not entitled to recover the body, on the ground that it was a corpse, and by English law a corpse cannot be the subject of property. The plaintiff appealed and the High Court of Australia, by a majority of two to one, reversed the decision below, and held that the plaintiff was entitled to succeed in his action. Judgments to this effect were delivered by GRIFFITH, C.J., and BARTON, J., whilst HIGGINS, J., dissented, and thought the decision below was right. GRIFFITH, C.J., held that the question depended on whether the continued possession of a human corpse unburied was in itself unlawful as being injurious to the public welfare. Such continued possession could not be, he considered, injurious to the public welfare in all cases and in all events, and he instanced the cases of a mummy and a skeleton, skull or other parts of a human body: "In my opinion there is no law forbidding the mere possession of a human body, whether born alive or dead, for purposes other than immediate burial; *a fortiori* such possession is not unlawful if the body possesses attributes of such a nature that its preservation may afford valuable or interesting information or instruction." These principles, the Chief Justice held, covered the present case. *Dr. Handyside's case* (shortly stated in 2 East P. C. 652) seems to be the only actual authority in the way of this view being taken,

and this case was passed over by GRIFFITH, C.J., as possibly distinguishable. BARTON, J., substantially agreed with the Chief Justice, and thought that the body was not such a "corpse"—i.e., one that required burial—as was contemplated by the general rule laid down in the English authorities. HIGGINS, J., in dissenting, expressly followed *Dr. Handyside's case (supra)* as an authority for the proposition that trover will not lie for a corpse. As already stated, special leave to appeal was refused by the Judicial Committee, and the High Court's decision may thus be considered to have a measure of approval by the Privy Council.

Limitation of Liability for Injury to Passenger by Tramcar.

THE DECISION of Mr. Justice COLERIDGE in the case of *Clarke v. Mayor, &c., of West Ham* appears to us to present some difficulty. The facts, stated shortly, were that the plaintiff suffered damage as a passenger while proceeding to a seat in a tramcar belonging to the defendants. The plaintiff had not in fact taken his ticket or paid his fare at the time of the accident, but he knew that a special notice was put up in a conspicuous position in the tramcars to the following effect: "Special notice to passengers: Passengers are being carried at less than the maximum authorized charges, and every passenger is notified that, in consideration thereof, a passenger is only carried on the terms that the maximum amount recoverable from the corporation on account of any injury or damages suffered by a passenger, and for which the corporation is legally liable, is £25. Except as above, every passenger travels at his own risk. Passengers can only travel subject to being bound to observe the bye-laws for the time being." The plaintiff also knew that the tickets contained a statement that they were issued subject to a £25 limit of liability in respect of accidents and referring to the notice. The jury found a verdict for the plaintiff for £500 damages, and the question was whether this verdict could be upheld. The learned judge, accepting the argument of the plaintiff, held that the verdict must stand, upon the ground that no case has been decided which permits a railway, canal or tramway company, which has a duty to serve the public at large in the matter of carriage, to limit their liability without giving the passenger the option to travel at his own risk. The defendants had a toll which they exacted from all passengers alike. They could not in law, and did not in fact, offer any alternative to the toll which they charged, because tolls at no other rate were exhibited in the cars, the exhibition of which was a condition precedent to the right to demand them. The plaintiff had no option. He was bound to travel under the conditions sought to be imposed, or not to travel at all. We are bound to say that we have been unable to find any legislative provision which prevents a tramway company from contracting with its passengers that its liability for injury to them by negligence or otherwise shall not exceed a stipulated amount. The Legislature in certain railway Acts—particularly the Great Central Railway Act, 1900—has allowed a railway company which provides workmen's trains to stipulate that the liability of the company under any claim to compensation for injury or otherwise in respect of any passenger travelling by any of these trains shall be limited to a fixed sum. It may possibly be expedient that no tramway company should in future be allowed to limit its liability, except by virtue of some provision in an amending Tramways Act or in the order under which the undertaking is constituted. But in the absence of any such enactment, we see nothing to deprive the tramway corporation of the ordinary rights of the party to a contract.

The Licensing Compensation Charge and Income Tax Returns.

A SOMEWHAT subtle distinction between the trade of a brewery company which owns tied houses and the trades carried on in the respective houses was made in *Smith v. Lion Brewery Co.* (1909, 1 K. B. 711), where the right of the company to deduct its share of the compensation charge as an expense in estimating profits was in question. The scheme of the Licensing Act, 1904, and the compensation fund formed under it, is well known. The fund is formed out of a levy made on all the licensed houses in the district, and it affords to the contributor an insurance against depreciation in consequence of the withdrawal of the licence.

But this withdrawal damages not only the interest of the tenant, but the interests of his immediate and superior landlords, and hence a part of the charge is allowed to be thrown back on the landlords in proportions varying with the unexpired terms, but never exceeding half the rent (Licensing Act, 1904, Schedule II.). Where there are a succession of landlords one above the other this scheme leads to arithmetical puzzles, and sometimes to surprising results. It is an aspect of the matter which those responsible for the Act did not apparently consider. In the case of a brewery company which owns tied houses, and lets them to tenants who actually carry on the trade, the liability of the company to contribute to the compensation charge looks very much like an expense of carrying on their business, and on this ground the respondent company in *Smith v. Lion Brewery Co. (supra)* contended that they were entitled to deduct their share of the charge before arriving at the amount of annual profits for the purpose of making their income tax return. CHANNELL, J., however, took the distinction that the share of the compensation charge was not paid solely as an expense of the company's trade, but was paid for the purpose of insuring against the loss of the tenant's trade, in which the brewery company were only indirectly interested. He admitted that they were entitled to deduct the annual expense involved in keeping tied houses for the purpose of selling their beer, but he drew a line between such expenses and the expenses incident to the tenant's retail business. The compensation rate is an insurance premium to cover the risk of the loss of this latter business, and, in the words of the learned judge, "though that loss would indirectly affect the wholesale trade of the brewery company, [the payment] cannot be said to be an expense wholly and exclusively incurred for the purposes of the company's trade." At the same time, as regards the brewery company, the expense is clearly incurred solely for the purpose of their trade, and the reasoning that would exclude it is a little difficult to follow.

The Inalienability of Separation Allowances.

FROM A debtor's point of view it is undoubtedly convenient to have a steady source of income safe from any possible demands of creditors; whether it is equally satisfactory to the creditor is a different matter. According to the decision of the Court of Appeal in *Paquine v. Snary* (1909, 1 K. B. 688) this is the position of a married woman entitled to a weekly payment from her husband under an order of a court of summary jurisdiction made under the Summary Jurisdiction (Married Women) Act, 1895. That statute enacts that an order made under it may contain "a provision that the husband shall pay to the applicant personally, or for her use, to any officer of the court or third person on her behalf, such weekly sum not exceeding two pounds as the court shall, having regard to the means both of the husband and wife, consider reasonable." It appears to follow from the terms of the statute that the allowance is intended solely for the personal maintenance of the wife, and the object of the provision would be defeated if a creditor could intervene and take the weekly payments; and the inalienability of allowances ordered to be made upon the similar occasions of judicial separation or divorce has been already established. Thus, permanent alimony decreed in favour of a judicially separated wife is inalienable: *Re Robinson* (27 Ch. D. 160); and the same rule applies to payments directed to be made to a divorced wife under section 1 of the Divorce Act, 1866: *Watkins v. Watkins* (1896, P. 222). "Until," said LINDLEY, L.J., in this last case, "such an order is discharged, the divorced wife cannot, in my opinion, prospectively deprive herself, or be deprived, of the maintenance which the court has ordered to be paid to her." In the present case of *Paquine v. Snary (supra)* an order had been made under the Act of 1895 for payment of a weekly sum of 20s. to the wife. Judgment was afterwards recovered against her for a sum of £34, and the creditor applied for the appointment of a receiver of this sum; and an order, limited to receipt of 10s. a week, was made by the master and affirmed by PHILLIMORE, J. But it has been discharged by the Court of Appeal. The payments made under such circumstances are in law inalienable, and this quality of inalienability cannot be annulled by allowing the payments to be taken in execution.

Is it Actionable Slander to Call a White Person a Negro?

AN ARTICLE in a recent number of the *American Law Review* discusses the question whether it is slander *per se* to call a white person a negro. The writer refers to a number of reported cases in which the courts of the Southern States have held that to charge a white man with being a negro was calculated to affect his social status and to subject him to injury and damage. In 1900 the Rev. Mr. UPTON delivered a temperance address near New Orleans. The reporters, wishing to be complimentary, referred to him as "a cultured gentleman." In the transmission of the despatch by wire to the New Orleans paper the phrase was, by mistake, changed to "coloured gentleman." The *Times Democrat* of that city, being unwilling to refer to a member of the negro race as a "coloured gentleman," changed it to "negro," and thus the report was published. As soon as he learned of the mistake, the editor duly retracted and apologized. But Mr. UPTON was not appeased, and brought a suit for libel and the court gave him fifty dollars damages. In 1906, the city of Asheville, North Carolina, contracted with a printer to issue a new city directory. The time-honoured custom of distinguishing the white and coloured citizens was by means of a star placed before the names of all negroes. After the directory had been distributed, it was found that the star had been placed before the names of two highly respected white citizens, thus indicating that they were of negro lineage. It was considered there could be no doubt that they could recover in an action of libel. These decisions, as already said, have been in the Southern States. It is doubted whether similar decisions would be given in other States. The test would probably be whether the consensus of opinion among the different members of the community was that it was injurious to a white man in his business and social relations to be called a negro. There is little prospect of any such action being maintained in the British courts.

Immunities of Diplomatic Agents.

THE IMMUNITIES of ambassadors or diplomatic agents from the civil jurisdiction of the countries to which they are accredited have been gradually settled through application in a number of instances, and are in this country declared by the Diplomatic Privileges Act, 1708, passed in consequence of the arrest and detention of the ambassador of his "Czarish Majesty" PETER the GREAT. The principle, according to the judgment of Lord CAMPBELL, C.J., in *Magdalena Steam Navigation Co. v. Martin* (2 E. & E. 94), is that "the ambassador must be left at liberty to devote himself body and soul to the business of his embassy. . . . He is not supposed even to live within the territory of the sovereign to whom he is accredited, and if he has done nothing to forfeit or to waive his privilege, he is, for all juridical purposes, supposed still to be in his own country." But this exemption from molestation cannot continue after the envoy has ceased to be a public Minister. In the case of *Currie v. Teran*, just decided in the Marylebone County Court, the claim was for medical attendance against the Envoy and Minister Plenipotentiary to this country from the Republic of Ecuador. The defendant was afterwards recalled, and it was stated in a communication from the Foreign Office that after the receipt of the letter of recall the defendant could claim no immunity from process on account of his diplomatic position. In answer to a question of the judge, as to the delay in bringing the action, it was answered that the plaintiff had decided to wait till the defendant had lost his official character. Judgment was accordingly given for the plaintiff, and it may be long before we have another instance of a similar action.

Landlord's Liability for Bursting of Water-pipes.

THE GENERAL rule in leases and agreements that no covenant will be implied on the part of the landlord to do repairs of any kind, is accepted with much reluctance by a large proportion of tenants, but we have read with surprise of a claim, made some days ago in the County Court of Knaresborough, by the plaintiff against his landlord for damage to the ceiling and floor of his dwelling-house through the bursting of the water-pipes in consequence of the frost. When it is remembered that under section 17 of the Waterworks Clauses Act, 1863, the consumer is liable to a

penalty if he allows any pipes or internal fittings to be out of repair so that the water supplied is wasted, it will be seen that the claim is one which is attended with difficulty. The judge, in giving judgment for the defendant, commented on the absence of any evidence of negligence on his part. But to hold a lessor responsible for any negligence in the construction or repair of the demised premises whereby the tenant sustains damage would create a vast area of liability, and is opposed to the doctrine that there is no undertaking on the part of the landlord that the premises are fit for occupation.

Covenants Touching the Land.

THE question of covenants running with the land recently received consideration in *Dewar v. Goodman* (1909, A. C. 72), where the House of Lords upheld the decision of the Court of Appeal (1908, 1 K. B. 94), who had affirmed JELF, J. (1907, 1 K. B. 612). In that case a sub-lease contained a covenant to perform the covenants in the head lease, and this was broken by the failure to repair houses comprised in the head lease, but not in the sub-lease. It was held that this covenant did not "touch or concern" the land demised by the sub-lease so as to run with it, and hence it was not enforceable by an assignee of the sub-lessee against the assignee of the sub-lessor. But it was recognized that the test whether a covenant affects the demised land is not simply whether the covenant is to be performed or not on the demised land, and an illustration of a covenant running with the land, although to be performed off the land, is afforded by the decision of NEVILLE, J., in *Ricketts v. Enfield Churchwardens* (1909, 1 Ch. 544).

In this latter case the defendants, who were incorporated by a private Act, were the owners of land at Enfield which had been laid out for building. In 1904 they demised to BATTLELY a plot of land on the estate, and the lessee covenanted not to build in front of the building line shown on a plan referred to in the lease. The lessors entered into a similar covenant that they and their assigns would not build in front of the building line on the adjoining plots. In 1906 BATTLELY's lease was assigned to the plaintiff. In 1907 the churchwardens entered into a building agreement with THOMAS with respect to a plot adjoining that in BATTLELY's lease. This provided in the ordinary form that THOMAS might enter for the purpose of building, that he should complete the specified building, that thereupon a lease should be granted, and meanwhile he was to be tenant at will on the terms of the lease. THOMAS was not to build "in front of the building line to be named by the surveyor." He submitted plans and specifications which were approved by the surveyor, and the surveyor produced to him an estate plan showing the building line and told him he must observe it, but the line was not marked on THOMAS's plans. These plans involved the building of a square bay window which projected some four feet beyond the building line, and the house was built with this window. Some months after the house had been roofed in the plaintiff complained to the churchwardens, who served notice on THOMAS to comply with the building line. He did not comply, but proceeded to complete the house. This was on higher ground than the plaintiff's, who complained that the bay window invaded his privacy and obstructed his view. He commenced an action, and at the trial, admitting that he was too late for a mandatory injunction, he claimed damages, and his witnesses assessed these at from £100 to £128. The defendants' witnesses treated the damages as trivial. The learned judge assessed them at £55.

But before the plaintiff could recover this sum it was necessary to determine whether the lessors' covenant to observe the building on THOMAS's plot ran with the land comprised in BATTLELY's lease, and it was argued on their behalf that it did not run with the land since it was to be performed on adjoining land. "To run with the land it must be a covenant to do or not to do something on the demised land itself, but a covenant to do or not to do something on other land which may affect the value of the land is purely collateral," and in support of this proposition reference was made to *Dewar v. Goodman* (*supra*). If, however, the question whether a covenant concerns land depends at all on the ordinary meaning of words it would seem that such a proposition cannot be

true, and NEVILLE, J., did not regard it as justified either by *Dewar v. Goodman*, or the earlier authorities. The matter turns, of course, upon the application of the second resolution in *Spencer's case* (5 Rep. 16 b.):—"If the lessee covenants for him and his assigns to build a house upon the land of the lessor which is no parcel of the demise, or to pay any collateral sum to the lessor or to a stranger, it shall not bind the assignee, because it is merely collateral, and in no manner touches or concerns the thing that was demised, or that was assigned over; and therefore in such case the assignee of the thing demised cannot be charged with it, no more than any other stranger." In this passage it is obvious that the particular cases mentioned, namely, building on other land, or paying a collateral sum, are simply examples of the general rule that, for the covenant to run with the land, it must not be merely collateral, but must touch or concern the thing demised. And in applying the rule it is not sufficient to confine it to the examples, and say that a covenant does not run if it is to do a thing off the land; the consideration must be whether, wherever done, it "touches or concerns" the thing demised.

This view of the second resolution was taken in *Sampson v. Easterby* (10 B. & C. 505, 6 Bing. 644), where a lease of mines contained a covenant by the lessee to build a smelting mill on premises which were not demised. "A covenant," said Lord TENTERDEN, C.J. (10 B. & C., p. 516), "to build a house on other land of the lessor is mentioned only as an instance, and must therefore be understood of a house not touching or concerning the land demised," and the test was proposed that to "touch or concern" the thing demised the covenant must tend to its support and maintenance. In the Exchequer Chamber (6 Bing., p. 652) ALEXANDER, C.B., referred to the dictum of Lord ELLENBOROUGH, C.J., in *Mayor of Congleton v. Pattison* (10 East, 135), as stating "the rule to be extracted from *Spencer's case* and from all which have followed it":—"A covenant in which the assignee is specifically named, though it were for a thing not in esse at the time, yet being specifically named it would bind him if it affected the nature, quality, or value of the thing demised, independently of collateral circumstances; or if it affected the mode of enjoying it." The building of the smelting mill was intimately connected with the working of the mines, and it was easy to hold that the covenant ran with the land.

The authority of *Sampson v. Easterby* was recognized in the House of Lords in *Dewar v. Goodman* (supra), and it was a matter of no great difficulty to shew that the covenant in *Dewar v. Goodman* was merely collateral, though the covenant in *Sampson v. Easterby* was not. The covenant in *Dewar v. Goodman* was, as already stated, to do repairs to houses on land not included in the demise; that is, it was similar to the covenant to build on land not demised given by way of illustration in *Spencer's case*. It was not at all concerned with the actual enjoyment of the demised land itself, although, doubtless, a breach of the covenant might lead to a forfeiture of the lessee's estate in the demised land. Where, however, the thing to be done off the demised land directly affects the use or enjoyment of that land, the case is different. "Instances," said Lord COLLINS in *Dewar v. Goodman*, "may be imagined of covenants to do things on land other than that demised which touch and concern so nearly the land demised as to run with it. Of this *Sampson v. Easterby* is an instance, if it be assumed, as it seems to have been, that no demise was to be implied of the site on the waste where the mill was to be built."

It seems to require only a proper understanding of *Dewar v. Goodman* to realize that it is no authority for the proposition that a covenant to be performed off the demised land is necessarily collateral. Wherever the covenant is to be performed it touches and concerns the land, and is not merely collateral, if it tends to the maintenance and support of the thing demised, or if it affects the mode of enjoying it. A covenant not to build in a specified manner on adjoining property, such as that in *Ricketts v. Enfield Churchwardens*, appears to affect the enjoyment of the demised property, and the decision of NEVILLE, J., that the covenant ran with the land was an easy application of *Spencer's case* as interpreted in *Mayor of Congleton v. Pattison* and *Sampson v. Easterby*. Whether, in the circumstances of the case, THOMAS was an

"assign" of the lessors so as to render them liable for his acts depended on whether the term was to be taken strictly or in a wide sense, and the learned judge took the latter view. "I think, looking to the context of the covenant in the lease, that 'assigns' must mean the persons who are in possession of the adjoining land deriving title from the defendant, because they are the only persons who could erect a building on the land." Consequently the defendants were liable to pay the damages, assessed, as above stated, at £55.

Procedure on Applications under Section 27 of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907.

IN his judgment in the case of *Hatschell's Patents* (26 R. P. C. 228) Mr. Justice PARKER made some remarks on the procedure before the Comptroller in revocation cases under section 27 of the Act of 1908 which appear to us to be extremely important.

Under that section "any person"—whether interested in the matter or not, and whether a foreigner or not—may apply to the Comptroller for revocation of a Patent "on the ground that the patented article or process is manufactured or carried on exclusively or mainly outside the United Kingdom." The section proceeds: "The Comptroller shall consider the application, and if, after inquiry, he is satisfied that the allegations contained therein are correct," the Comptroller may revoke the Patent unless the patentee proves (stating it shortly) adequate working in the United Kingdom, or gives satisfactory reasons for non-adequate working. The applicant under the present procedure, which is governed by the Patents Rules (1908) 78 to 81, has to give no evidence of the truth of the statements in his application. But the patentee has within fourteen days to deliver by way of statutory declaration his defence to the application. The applicant has then fourteen days within which to deliver statutory declarations in answer, or, having obtained full disclosure from the patentee of his business transactions, he may, if he chooses, abandon his application; and again, there is nothing to prevent his making a fresh application subsequently.

The hardship which this procedure may entail on a patentee was pointed out in detail by the learned judge in his judgment, and he stated his view to be that, for the protection of patentees, the applicant ought at starting to prove some case requiring an answer. He then went on to say what in his opinion the procedure ought to be:

"The proper course for the Comptroller to pursue when he receives an application under section 27 is to inquire whether the patentee admits that the state of affairs contemplated by sub-section 1 has arisen. If this is not admitted, he should inquire into the matter in the presence of both parties; and the applicant, being the person on whom the onus lies, should be the first to tender evidence. It may well be that the patentee knows nothing about what is being done abroad nor what is being done in this country in the way of manufacturing the patented article or carrying on the patented process. There is no particular reason why he should know what is being done abroad, unless he has foreign Patents or is himself manufacturing the article or carrying on the process abroad. Even as to the extent to which the article or process is being manufactured or carried on here he may have no information; for he may have sold licences outright, and not confined the use to the reservation of royalties. I do not say that he may not in the course of the inquiry be compelled to say what he does know; but at least the applicant ought at first to be called upon to make out some case requiring an answer, and at any rate until he has given some evidence that the case is within the section, I do not see what answer is required. If, on the other hand, the patentee admits that the state of affairs contemplated in sub-section 1 has arisen, or if after inquiry the Comptroller is satisfied that it has arisen, the patentee may fairly be called upon to state, first, what his defence is, and then to prove it."

The learned judge stated that it appeared to him that, as the Patent Rules now stand, the Comptroller can call upon an applicant for evidence of the truth of the statement in his application and if the applicant does not furnish evidence sufficient to call for an answer, may refuse to proceed further with the matter. But the learned judge thinks it desirable that the Rules should be altered, and the procedure clearly specified in the Rules. The Comptroller's view is different: see *Ilgner's Patents* (26 R. P. C. 198). He thinks that, upon a proper construction of section 27, the applicant is not

compelled to make out a *prima facie* case before the patentee is called upon to leave evidence or to make a disclosure of what he relies upon in answer to the application. The Comptroller admits that the Rules are *prima facie* open to the objection that they place the patentee at the mercy of anyone who dishonestly uses the process under section 27. But he thinks that as matters stand he has sufficient powers to protect a patentee against *mala fide* applications, and he states that he is prepared to use these powers in any cases where his attention is called to circumstances which raise a presumption of *mala fides* or dishonesty or in any exceptional case.

We decidedly agree with Mr. Justice PARKER that whenever an application is made under section 27, unless the patentee admits that the patented article or process is manufactured or carried on exclusively or mainly outside the United Kingdom, the applicant should be compelled to make out a *prima facie* case of this before the patentee is called upon to file any evidence or make any disclosure, and unless the Comptroller has power to compel this under the existing Rules, the Rules ought to be altered.

Reviews.

Restrictive Covenants.

RESTRICTIVE COVENANTS AFFECTING LAND. By W. ARNOLD JOLLY, M.A., Barrister-at-Law. Stevens & Sons (Limited).

This is a book of a kind which too rarely comes under our notice. It relates to a branch of law which has been growing for many years, and has probably not in all respects yet attained its final form. That being so, even a mere compendium of the numerous decisions would be useful; but the great merit of the book is that, not only are all the cases brought together, and their effect clearly and fully stated, but they are carefully analyzed with a view to extracting the principles on which they rest. Considering the variations in this respect between many of the old and the later decisions, this is no easy task, but we think that Mr. Jolly is to be congratulated on the success with which he has grappled with it.

As to the origin of the doctrine, the author points out that in *Tulk v. Moxhay* (2 Phil. 774) Lord Cottenham for the first time laid down the principle that a restrictive covenant creates an equitable burden on land, and after various judicial vagaries, concisely traced in the book, the courts have returned to the principle so laid down. But upon the precise extent of the doctrine, and in particular as to whether it applies to a covenant personal to the covenantor, and the benefit of which cannot be annexed to any particular land, there is still much uncertainty. Mr. Jolly next discusses the question how the equitable burden may be defeated, and under this head shows the origin of the doctrine, now well established, that a purchaser has constructive notice of any restrictive covenant which would have come to his knowledge had he required a full forty years' title.

There is a valuable and interesting discussion in Chapters 5 and 6 of the assignment of the benefit of a restrictive covenant, and in Chapter 7 as to mutual covenants being implied in the case of building schemes. The writer refers to the recent decisions extending the principle of the implication of a building scheme to the case of the letting of residential flats, there being no antecedent building scheme, and to the recent judgment of Parker, J., in *Elleston v. Reacher* (1908, 1 Ch., at p. 381) as to the four essential points which must be established in order that a plaintiff may enforce a restriction on the footing of a general scheme.

After a chapter on restrictive covenants in leases, we come to the construction of restrictive covenants, as to which emphasis is laid on the rule that restrictions are strictly construed and that the plaintiff seeking the assistance of the court must bring his case within the plain meaning of the covenant which he is seeking to enforce. The book ends with a very useful chapter on the importance of restrictive covenants in connection with the sale of land, under which head are considered the duty of the vendor to disclose the existence of the restrictive covenants; to what extent the restriction may be the subject of compensation; the right of the vendor to indemnity and the liability of the vendor after conveyance under his covenants for title.

It will be seen that the subject is very completely dealt with, and we may add, dealt with with much ability and care. The book will be of great value to every practitioner who has to advise on or deal with questions in relation to restrictive covenants.

Books of the Week.

A Study of the Law of Mortgages. By CHARLES H. S. STEPHENSON, LL.B., Solicitor. Effingham Wilson.

The Quarterly Noter-up. January to March, 1909. Compiled by J. M. EASTON, Barrister-at-Law. Stevens & Haynes.

Correspondence.

The Report of the County Court Committee.

[To the Editor of the Solicitors' Journal and Weekly Reporter.]

Sir,—Those who take an interest in the practice of the county courts have anxiously awaited the report of the recent committee in the hope that it would contain strong and unanimous recommendations on several matters that urgently require reform.

This hope has been completely disappointed, and the chief impressions the report leaves upon the mind are—that a great opportunity of doing useful and lasting work has been entirely lost, and that the committee, instead of keeping before them the real object of the reference to them, have considered chiefly the reform of the High Court and how the interests of the bar can best be preserved.

An inquiry of the King's Printers for a copy of the evidence before the committee has brought the reply that "it is believed that it is not proposed to publish the evidence." It is, therefore, impossible to say upon what materials the committee have acted, but it can be inferred from the report that no evidence was had upon those points of county court practice which most require attention.

It is said that the evidence of solicitors who practise in the county courts was offered to the committee free of any expense to the country. In the absence of the evidence taken by the committee, one cannot say whether the offer was accepted or not, but it is fairly clear that it was refused.

Surely this is not the way in which a matter of this importance should be dealt with. For while county court judges and registrars undoubtedly have opportunities of seeing where reforms are needed, there can be no doubt that solicitors who are constantly using the county court procedure know best where unnecessary difficulties exist and how they can best be removed.

I should like to be allowed to refer to the only really practical recommendation in the interest of the county court—viz., that relating to matrimonial cases. Probably this is not a reform which is urgently needed, but it will still be welcomed except in so far as it is qualified by the suggestion that the bar alone should have right of audience in these cases. There is no justification for the qualification, and, on the other hand, if it were adopted it would go far to nullify the recommendation. For I assume that the recommendation was made in the interest of those who cannot afford to incur the expense of divorce proceedings in the High Court. This expense is largely caused by counsel's fees, which would be even larger than they are in the High Court if counsel were required to go in the country. On the other hand, solicitors have for years been personally conducting cases of judicial separation in the police courts, and there is absolutely no reason at all why they should not be entrusted with divorce cases as well.

SOLICITOR.

April 22.

[To the Editor of the Solicitors' Journal and Weekly Reporter.]

Sir,—Having read the report of the County Court Committee, I am compelled to come to the conclusion that it mainly deals with the reform of High Court procedure.

I fail to see the great distinction between the High Court and the county court bench. Both sets of judges are picked from the same class of men. As regards the legal profession, surely the bar ought to be able to hold their own in the county court without protection, and for the suitor to be compelled to engage counsel in certain county court cases will greatly add to the cost of procedure, which is heavy enough already. The real expert at the bar has nothing to fear, as he will in the future, as now, be briefed in cases of difficulty.

If a power of divorce is given to the county courts, and the present separation procedure taken from the justices, it behoves the Law Society to see that solicitors are not excluded from this class of practice, which they now possess.

VERAX.

Penny Law.

[To the Editor of the Solicitors' Journal and Weekly Reporter.]

Sir,—The "almighty penny" seems able to do even more than I ever imagined—that is to say, if the enclosed document is at all to be relied on.

A client asks me who the solicitors can be who can undertake business on such terms?

Seriously though, I ask you, is there no putting a stop to such practices?

T. PALLISTER YOUNG.

April 26.

The document enclosed by our correspondent is a certificate, headed with the name of a society, that "having paid the sum of 1d. is a member of the above society, and is entitled to the following benefits for one year, beginning this day of 190 .

1. Free legal advice in every matter by our solicitors. (If written advice be required, a stamped addressed envelope must be sent.)

2. Legal assistance in cases of injury when, in the opinion of the society's legal advisers, the member has a just claim.

3. In all other legal matters, legal assistance will be given on the most reasonable terms.

4. Prompt attention will be given to every claim, and full compensation will be quickly recovered wherever our member has a just claim. Ten per cent. of the amount recovered will be retained to cover expenses."

CASES OF THE WEEK. Court of Appeal.

VARDOPULO v. VARDOPULO. No. 2. 26th April.

PRACTICE—RESTRAINING PROCEEDINGS ABROAD—DIVORCE—JUDICIAL SEPARATION—WIFE'S SUIT—DIVORCE PROCEEDINGS BY HUSBAND IN FOREIGN COUNTRY—INJUNCTION TO RESTRAIN.

A defendant will not be restrained from commencing and prosecuting proceedings in a foreign country to enforce rights which he has there acquired against a plaintiff under the law of that foreign country. Consequently, when a wife had commenced proceedings for judicial separation, the Court declined to restrain the husband, who had acquired a foreign domicile, from prosecuting divorce proceedings in the foreign country.

This was an appeal from a decision of Bigham, P. (reported *ante*, p. 377). M. Epaminondas Vardopulo married Juliette Francoise Schiest on the 19th of January, 1901, at the Fulham Register Office, and subsequently at the Greek Church, Bayswater. By birth the respondent was a Greek, but he had become a domiciled British subject, and had for years carried on business in the City. On the 3rd of October, 1908, the wife filed a petition for judicial separation, on the ground of cruelty, but was unable to have the petition and citation served upon the respondent. Accordingly, on the 30th of November, application was made to the court to dispense with personal service, and Bargrave Deane, J., gave leave for substituted service by registered post and by advertisement in the English and French Press, intimating that in his opinion the respondent was deliberately evading service, and that it was desirable that people should know that such conduct only led to greater publicity. Subsequently, in January last, the respondent appeared to the wife's suit in order to oppose her application for alimony, and he was now delaying her suit by asking for further time to file his answer. He had gone over to France and taken steps to acquire, so the wife alleged, a "bogus" domicile there, and had subsequently filed a petition for divorce against his wife in the French courts. The lady had been cited to appear before the French courts. Counsel put in two letters written in October last to show that the respondent had full knowledge of his wife's suit. The President being satisfied that what the husband was doing was done, not with the *bond-fide* wish to obtain relief in the French courts, but solely for the purpose of harassing the wife in the prosecution of her petition in the English court, and in order to compel her to abandon these proceedings, granted an injunction restraining the respondent from prosecuting proceedings against his wife in the French courts. The husband appealed.

THE COURT (COZENS-HARDY, M.R., and BUCKLEY and KENNEDY, L.JJ.) allowed the appeal.

COZENS-HARDY, M.R., said that on the further evidence now before the court, it was clear that the husband had acquired a French domicile in accordance with the requirements of French law, and having obtained a French domicile he had commenced in France, as he was entitled to do, proceedings for divorce on grounds which were not sufficient for divorce in England, but which were sufficient, according to the law of France, and if this French suit proceeded the husband would be entitled to the judgment of the French court whether or not on the evidence before it he (the husband) was entitled to be released from the bonds of matrimony. Under these circumstances the wife applied to the President for an injunction to restrain the husband from prosecuting proceedings against his wife in the French courts. The President, believing that the proceedings in France were taken mainly with a view of harassing the wife in the prosecution of her petition in the English court, granted the injunction now under appeal. He (the Master of the Rolls) was quite unable to agree with this view of the case. More than twenty-five years ago Cotton, L.J., in *Hyman v. Helm* (24 Ch. D. 531), asked this question at p. 536, "Is there any case where a defendant sued here has before decree been restrained from commencing an action abroad? And counsel answered they believed not. The same question must be asked again to-day and answered in the same way. He (the Master of the Rolls) knew of no authority for saying that a defendant

could be restrained from commencing and prosecuting proceedings in another jurisdiction to enforce rights which he had acquired in that country against the plaintiff under the law of that foreign country. The fact that the wife had commenced proceedings for judicial separation against her husband in this country did not give this court any jurisdiction to restrain the husband from asserting and prosecuting his right to take proceedings for a divorce in France. An appeal had been also made to the court not to interfere with this injunction, based on the possible hardship that might be inflicted on the wife if she were, as alleged, unable through want of means to defend the French suit. The French court, it must be assumed, would do its duty fairly and give due consideration to all the circumstances. No ground had been shown for invoking the jurisdiction of this court, and the appeal must be allowed and the order of the President discharged.

BUCKLEY and KENNEDY, L.JJ., delivered judgment to the same effect. —COUNSEL, *Atkin, K.C.*, and *Grazbrook*, for appellant; *Kingsbury*, for respondent. SOLICITORS, *Lloyd-George, Roberts, & Co.*; *Hicks, Arnold, & Mozley*.

[Reported by J. I. STIRLING, Barrister-at-Law.]

Probate, Divorce, and Admiralty Division.

MULLEY v. MULLEY AND SHAW. Bargrave Deane, J. 23rd April.

DIVORCE—HUSBAND PETITIONER—GUILTY OF STATUTORY DESERTION—DISCRETION—MATRIMONIAL CAUSES ACT, 1857 (20 & 21 VICT. c. 85), s. 31—DECREE NISI.

The court will exercise its discretion in favour of a petitioner in a divorce suit, even though guilty of statutory desertion.

Undeclared suit for divorce by a husband. The parties were married on the 23rd of October, 1905. There was no issue. On the 2nd of May, 1907, the husband filed a petition for divorce on the ground of his wife's alleged adultery with one Barnard. The petition was tried before Bargrave Deane, J., and a common jury on the 28th and 29th of November, 1907, and was eventually dismissed. Notwithstanding the result, the husband declined to live with his wife, who on the 13th of April, 1908, filed a petition for the restitution of conjugal rights. On the 15th of October, 1908, a decree for restitution of conjugal rights was pronounced by the ex-President, Lord Gorell. The husband had never complied with this order, and was therefore guilty of statutory desertion. In January, 1909, the husband learnt that his wife had given birth to a child on the 21st of November, 1908, of which he was not the father, not having lived with her since April, 1907. The husband now alleged that the co-respondent Shaw was the father of the child, as the latter had lived in the same house with the respondent during 1908. The respondent admitted the birth of the child, but denied that the co-respondent was the father. Since the petition had been filed the respondent and co-respondent had lived together, occupying the same room. It was submitted that this evidence was admissible to show what inference the court should draw from previous acts of familiarity. Counsel cited *Wales v. Wales* and *Cullen* (W. R. 48, Digest 57; 1900, P. 63). The court was asked to exercise its statutory discretion under section 31 of the Matrimonial Causes Act, 1857, notwithstanding the petitioner's non-compliance with the decree for restitution of conjugal rights.

BARGRAVE DEANE, J., pronounced a decree nisi, with costs.—COUNSEL, *Le Bas*. SOLICITORS, *Milner & Bickford*.

[Reported by DIOBY COATES-FREEDY, Barrister-at-Law.]

Solicitors' Cases.

Re G. (A Solicitor). Neville, J. 28th April.

SOLICITOR AND CLIENT—TAXATION AFTER PAYMENT OF BILL OF COSTS—SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES—MISTAKE IN SCALE CHARGES—SCALE CHARGES WHERE WORK NOT ALL DONE—SOLICITOR ACTING FOR PURCHASER—MORTGAGOR AND MORTGAGEE—CONVEYANCE AND MORTGAGE COMPLETED AT THE SAME TIME—SOLICITORS ACT, 1843 (6 & 7 VICT. c. 73), s. 41—SOLICITORS' REMUNERATION ACT, 1881 (44 & 45 VICT. c. 44), GENERAL ORDER, SCHEDULE I., RR. 3, 6, AND 11.

A solicitor delivered a bill of costs (which was paid) containing overcharges due to a mistake as to the proper scale charges and to scale charges for work which was not all done.

Held, that the overcharges in themselves were sufficient to have the bill referred for taxation.

On the 3rd of August, 1907, the applicant bought a farm at Pangbourne for £2,000, upon the terms that £1,000 of the purchase price was to remain on mortgage. He retained the respondent as his solicitor in the purchase on the 28th of August, 1907. Subsequently the applicant found that he would be unable to complete in the terms of the contract, and requested the respondent to do the best he could for him. The respondent then arranged with the vendor for the cancellation of the existing contract of purchase, and for a fresh contract by which the vendor agreed to allow £600 of the purchase money to remain on second mortgage, the remaining £1,400 to be obtained

elsewhere. It appeared that the respondent made several attempts to obtain the required advance on the first mortgage, but by the 28th of October, 1907, the applicant found a Mr. West willing to entertain a proposal for a mortgage for the £1,400 on the property. Mr. West thereupon wrote to the respondent, and ultimately the purchase and Mr. West's mortgage and the second mortgage for the balance of the purchase money were completed. In these matters the respondent acted as solicitor for the applicant in the purchase, for both the applicant and Mr. West, the mortgagee, in the mortgage, and for the applicant in the second mortgage. The bill of costs was delivered to the applicant on the 7th of December, 1907. It consisted of three items: (a) Scale charges for investigating title, preparing and completing conveyance and copy, perusal and completion of contract, £25; (b) scale charges for drawing, preparing, and completing mortgage to West for £1,400, £28 10s.; (c) scale charges for perusal and completing the second mortgage, for £600, to the vendor, £9; total £62 10s. The applicant in 1907 and 1908 paid sums in respect of the above bill, and other items not comprised in the bill, exceeding the amount of the costs. In October and November, 1908, the applicant's solicitors wrote to the respondent pointing out that the details of the items (b) and (c) did not support the charges of £28 10s. and £9, and suggesting that the respondent should deliver an itemized bill (including the item (a) of the bill already delivered) for the work actually done. On the 4th of December a summons was taken out on behalf of the applicant, *inter alia*, for taxation of the above bill delivered by the respondent to the applicant, and paid by the applicant to the respondent. It appeared by the evidence that the respondent admitted that he had made a mistake as to the item (b) of the bill in that he had arrived at the amount £28 10s. under rule 3 of the Solicitors' Remuneration Act instead of rule 6. The Master dismissed the summons. On behalf of the applicant it was now contended that there were comparatively large overcharges, that as to the item (b), rule 6 of the Solicitors' Remuneration Act, 1881, was exclusive of rule 3, and only allowed half fees for investigating title and preparing the mortgage deed, and none for deducting title on behalf of the mortgagor, and that consequently only £9 10s. was due; and as to the item (c), the whole of the work for which scale charges were allowed had not been done, the title had not been deduced. The following cases were referred to:—*Re Copes* (1908, 1 K. B. 982), *Re Boycott* (29 Ch. D. 571), and *Re Norman* (16 Q. B. D. 673). On behalf of the respondent, in reliance upon *Re Lacey & Son* (25 Ch. D. 301), it was contended that the overcharges did not in this case constitute special circumstances (distinguishing *Re Norman*), for the reason that the respondent would in the alternative and upon a supplemental bill be allowed a negotiation fee on the substituted contract of purchase and substantial charges for his work in connection with the mortgage: *Re Pybus* (35 C. D. 568). In the course of hearing, the learned judge intimated that the applicant was precluded from setting up that the bill had not in fact been paid by the wording of the summons.

NEVILLE, J.—In this case the total amount is small, but the same reasoning applies to small as well to large bills of costs. The question is whether there are circumstances in the case which make it right that it should be remitted for taxation. It is alleged, and as to one item admitted, firstly, that there has been some misapprehension as to the amount to which the respondent is entitled under scale charges, and also that the second scale charge of £9 has been calculated on work not all done by the respondent. The respondent admits the mistake as to the charge for £29, but alleges that he would be entitled upon bringing in a supplementary bill to make charges for negotiating equal to or approaching the mistaken excess. He is entitled to fees for negotiating (if any), and any proper charges for his work would be allowed, but I think on the whole special circumstances have been proved entitling the applicant to have the bill remitted for taxation. The bill must be taxed. The respondent may bring in a supplementary item bill containing charges for his work. The costs to be costs in the taxation.—COUNSEL, for applicant, P. F. S. Stokes; for the respondent, *Solis-Schwabe*. SOLICITORS, *Ridsdale & Son*, for C. H. Dodd, Reading; G. B. Godding.

[Reported by A. S. OFFE, Barrister-at-Law.]

Societies.

Annual General Meeting of the Bar.

This meeting was held on Tuesday last in the Old Hall at Lincoln's-inn, the Attorney-General presiding.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL, at the commencement of the meeting, said that recent legislation had followed the present tendency towards consolidation. There had been a very good instance of that in the case of company law, which had now been brought within the compass of a single statute. He was afraid, however, that that branch of the law, although it had reached consolidation, could not be said altogether to have passed the stage of amendment. It seemed as though they would have to make another attempt to deal with the facility with which our company laws could be made to serve the purposes of fraud. As to the state of business in the courts, he might refer to the broad salient features. Before the Judicature Acts we had eighteen common law judges; now we had sixteen; and that notwithstanding the increase of trade and population, and the imposition of new duties in bankruptcy, criminal appeals, and other matters. The Criminal Appeal Act had greatly added to the burdens of the judges. He might in another

place have to deal with the subject of the resolution on the agenda, and could not therefore say much now. One proposed remedy was an increase of the jurisdiction of the county courts, which it was proposed to elevate to High Court jurisdiction. But it was not an economical method.

MR. ENGLISH HARRISON, K.C., the chairman of the council, moved the adoption of the report. A resolution, he said, had been proposed with respect to the constitution of the council, but as it was possible to renew the council every two years, the question had better be left to the profession. The council had seen no cause to change its opinion on the question of the judge in chambers. On the subject of contributions to the Press the report recommended that it is contrary to professional etiquette for a barrister to answer legal questions in newspapers or periodicals, whether for a salary or at ordinary literary remuneration, (1) where his name is directly or indirectly disclosed or liable to be disclosed, or (2) where the questions answered have reference to concrete cases which have actually arisen or are likely to arise for practical decision.

MR. LEVETT, K.C., seconded the motion.

The report was unanimously adopted.

SIR EDWARD CARSON moved: "That having regard to the state of business in the King's Bench Division of the High Court of Justice, there is, in the opinion of this meeting, an imperative necessity for the immediate appointment of additional judges." He said that the Lord Chancellor had in the House of Lords stated that the ideal was that there should be no arrears in any court, and that the delay of justice was in many cases the denial of justice. Things were now much worse than they were when the Lord Chancellor spoke. There were in the King's Bench Division 820 cases, as against 666 cases this time last year, and there were waiting for trial 677 cases, against 479 last year. At the commencement of the Long Vacation this year they would have an arrear of actions waiting for trial of about 340. That meant that not a single case which was now ready for trial, or might be ready for trial between now and the Long Vacation, had the slightest chance of being disposed of till next February or March. This was a most lamentable state of affairs, and was, to his mind, almost a denial of justice. Their case was greatly strengthened by the report of Lord Gorell's committee. The growing practice of inviting King's Counsel to assist the trial of cases was much to be deprecated. This system was unfair to the public, and it was most unsatisfactory for a man on one day to be trying cases and on the next in the same court to appear at the bar. Such methods would not be tolerated in London; why should they be endured in Liverpool or Manchester? There was no remedy for this state of things, as Lord Gorell's committee had reported, save an addition to the number of King's Bench judges. Three judges were last year taken away for fifty days to deal with criminal appeals.

MR. ISAACS, K.C., in seconding the resolution, associated himself entirely with what Sir Edward Carson had said.

The resolution was carried unanimously without discussion.

Law Students' Journal.

Law Students' Societies.

LAW STUDENTS' DEBATING SOCIETY.—April 27.—Chairman, Mr. C. P. Blackwell.—The subject for debate was: "That the case of *Cooper v. Kendall* (1907, 1 K. B. 405) was wrongly decided." Mr. T. B. Harston opened in the affirmative, Mr. H. G. Meyer seconded in the affirmative; Mr. G. E. Shrimpton opened in the negative, Mr. W. M. Pleadwell seconded in the negative. The following members continued the debate: Messrs. Harnett, Krauss, Cornock, Kafka, Davies, Blagden, and Vere Bass. The motion was lost by eight votes.

Legal News.

Appointment.

MR. ROBERT F. NORTON, K.C., has been appointed Vice-Chairman of the Council of Law Reporting.

Changes in Partnerships.

Dissolutions.

HARRY DOUGLAS BROWN and WILLIAM NORRIS, solicitors (H. Douglas Brown & Norris), Union Bank-chambers, 12916, Southwark-street, London Bridge. March 6. Such business will be carried on in the future by the said William Norris.

HERBERT GIBSON, FREDERIC THOMAS MEDCALF, and JOHN REGINALD MARRIOTT, solicitors (Deacon, Gibson, Medcalf, & Marriott), 9, Great St. Helens, in the City of London, and 27, Great George-street, Westminster. April 1. So far as regards the said Frederic Thomas Medcalf, who retires; the said Herbert Gibson and John Reginald Marriott will in future carry on the practice.

REGINALD JOHN WICKHAM HURD and KENELM HENRY HALLETT SMITH, solicitors (Hurd & Kenelm Smith), 30, Essex-street, Strand, London. March 1.

ROMER WILLIAMS, ARCHIBALD HERBERT JAMES, HENRY SHAD-FORTH, ROWLAND BEEVOR, and ARTHUR GODFREY JAMES, solicitors (Williams & James), Norfolk House, Thames Embankment, London. Dec. 31. The said Romer Williams, Henry Shadforth, Rowland Beever, and Arthur Godfrey James will in future carry on the business.

[Gazette, April 23.]

HARRY COUSINS, JOHN WILLIAM BOTSFORD, and JOHN TUDOR PHENIX, solicitors (Cousins, Botsford, & Phoenix), Cardiff. April 23. The said Harry Cousins and John William Botsford will continue to practise in partnership together at above address under the firm name of Cousins & Botsford.

[Gazette, April 27.]

General.

It is stated that Judge Philbrick, K.C., is lying seriously ill at his residence at Bournemouth.

Mr. Pollock, one of the Official Referees, has for some days been confined to his house as the result of a chill, and has not been allowed by his medical adviser to resume judicial work at present. He hopes to resume his sittings in a few days.

It is stated by the *Evening Standard* that on the 23rd ult. the editor of the *Indian Sociologist* and leader of the Indian reactionary movement, Pandit Shyamaji Krishnavarma, was disbarred by the Benchers of the Inner Temple. He did not appear, but sent a long statement, pleading that he was justified in his attacks on British rule in India.

At the Central Poor Law Conference on Tuesday evening last Mr. T. Dodd (Oxford) moved "That the proposals of the Poor Law Commission for transferring the administration of the Poor Law to authorities not directly elected for Poor Law purposes are unwise, and should be rejected." The resolution was seconded by Mr. Gorrington (Oxford), and was adopted with only three dissentients.

An inquest was held, says the *Times*, on the 16th ult. at New Malden on the body of W. J. Tittley, solicitor, of Brixton. The evidence showed that Mr. Tittley went out for a walk on Friday afternoon, saying he would return early in the evening. On Saturday morning he was found, alive but unconscious, lying in a ditch about twenty yards from the bridge path across the fields leading from Malden to Surbiton. He died a few hours later. Mr. Tittley had been suffering from pneumonia for several days before his death, though he did not appear to have known it. He died from heart failure whilst suffering from pneumonia, his death being accelerated by exposure. He might, it was thought, have stumbled when stepping across the ditch and fallen into the mud, and, owing to the state of his health, been unable to get up again. The jury returned a verdict of "Accidental death, accelerated by Mr. Tittley lying in the mud all the previous night."

Will a County Court Bill be introduced this Session, and will it propose to carry out all, or only a few, of the recommendations of the Committee? asks the *Times*. "Most of them are of the nature of compromises. They naturally disappoint those who, in accordance with the recommendations of the majority of the Judicature Commissioners, think that there is no stopping at any point short of making these courts integral parts of the High Court. By recommending changes which would have the effect of greatly extending the jurisdiction of the county courts the Committee have, on the other hand, disappointed those who would keep, so far as is now possible, the county courts in their original position. Any decision as to what effect is to be given to these recommendations must be a matter of great difficulty. Not one Bill, but probably two, if not three, would be required if they were all to receive attention forthwith. The easiest and probably best course would be to pick out what is at once most urgent and practicable. . . . Perhaps a reintroduction of the County Court Bill of last Session, with some additions in accordance with the chief recommendations of the Committee, would be at once the easiest and the wisest course."

The present position of affairs in Turkey gives exceptional interest, says the *Journal of the Society of Comparative Legislation*, to a careful study of "La Justice Ottomane," which M. André Mandelstam has made in a book just published. It is obvious M. Mandelstam thinks that the present state of things cannot be permanent. There are serious and recurring points of discord between the Porte and the various Powers. One of the acutest and most frequent is that as to the position of the dragoman, who, according to usage, sometimes questioned but on the whole recognised, attends the sittings of the mixed tribunals and signs the *procès-verbal*, the interrogatories, and the judgment. The Porte maintains that the signature of the dragoman is merely the last proof of his "assistance" which the Capitulations require at the trial. He has nothing to do with the nature of the judgment, which is valid without his signature. The opposing view is that he may express his opinion and refuse his signature—that each case, to quote the words of the Spanish Legation, putting forth this contention, "est entendue et jugée de concert avec le dragoman." M. Mandelstam seems to agree with the contention of the Powers. Obviously the present state of things is extremely unsatisfactory; as he says with truth, "les droits des parties dépendent trop souvent de l'issue changeante des conflits entre les juges et le dragoman." It will be interesting to watch the effect of Parliamentary institutions upon the anomalous jurisdiction and privileges of foreign Powers in Turkey.

The judges have fixed the following commission days for the summer assize on the North-Eastern Circuit:—York, June 8th; Newcastle, June 16th; Durham, June 22nd; and Leeds, June 30th.

The Hague correspondent of the *Times* says that on the 24th ult. the ratifications of the Treaty of July 17th, 1905, concerning procedure in civil Courts were exchanged by the representatives of Germany, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Spain, France, Italy, Norway, the Netherlands, Portugal, Rumania, Russia, Sweden, and Switzerland.

The report of the North British and Mercantile Insurance Co. for the year 1908 shows the following results: The net Fire Premiums amounted to £2,106,806. The net Fire Losses amounted to £1,172,804. The profit on the Fire Account for the year, carried to Profit and Loss Account, amounted to £227,486. The directors recommend the usual dividend and bonus of £1 10s. per share, along with the bonus of 5s. 6d. per share from the Shareholders' Life and Annuity Profits. In the Life Department 4,566 policies were issued. Net amount insured thereby £2,074,790. Net new premiums £89,215. Total Life Premium income £1,042,827. In the Annuity Branch the sum of £189,119 was received for the purchase of annuities.

Many people in Chancery-lane will have noticed the "Sun" which has recently been erected outside the "Sun" Offices at No. 40. It is very appropriate that this step should have been taken, for on the 7th of April, 1710, the Sun Fire Office was established. It was then known as the "Company of London Insurers, commonly called the Sun Fire Office Company."

The Orient-Royal Mail Line announces a "Short Whitsuntide Cruise" from London by their steamship "Orontes," 9,023 tons. Those who prefer to visit the Moorish cities of Spain or Africa, to make a short riding tour in Southern Spain, may disembark at Gibraltar, and return after about five days on the next homeward-bound steamer. Passengers wishing for a longer time at sea can secure this by proceeding to Marseilles, where the homeward-bound mail steamer "Orontes" is due to call two days after their arrival.

Court Papers.

Supreme Court of Judicature.

ROTA OF REGISTRARS IN ATTENDANCE ON

| Date. | EMERGENCY ROTA. | APPEAL COURT No. 2. | Mr. Justice JOYCE. | Mr. Justice SWINFEN EADY. |
|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| Monday ...May 3 | Mr Bloxam | Mr Theod Bloxam | Mr Leach | Mr Church |
| Tuesday ...4 | Farmer | Bloxam | Borror | Theod |
| Wednesday ...5 | Leach | Farmer | Beal | Bloxam |
| Thursday ...6 | Borror | Leach | Greswell | Farmer |
| Friday ...7 | Beal | Borror | Goldschmidt | Leach |
| Saturday ...8 | Greswell | Beal | Synges | Borror |
| Date. | Mr. Justice WARRINGTON. | Mr. Justice NEVILLE. | Mr. Justice PARKER. | Mr. Justice EVE. |
| Monday ...May 3 | Mr Greswell | Mr Farmer | Mr Beal | Mr Synges |
| Tuesday ...4 | Goldschmidt | Leach | Greswell | Church |
| Wednesday ...5 | Synges | Borror | Goldschmidt | Theod |
| Thursday ...6 | Church | Beal | Synges | Bloxam |
| Friday ...7 | Theod | Greswell | Church | Farmer |
| Saturday ...8 | Bloxam | Goldschmidt | Theod | Leach |

COURT OF APPEAL.

EASTER SITTINGS, 1909.

(Continued from page 455.)

The appeals or other business proposed to be taken will, from time to time, be announced in the Daily Cause List.

FROM THE CHANCERY DIVISION, THE PROBATE, DIVORCE AND ADMIRALTY DIVISION (PROBATE AND DIVORCE), AND THE COUNTY PALATINE AND STANNARIES COURTS.

(General List.)

1909.

In re W Lavers, dec Matthews v The British & Foreign Bible Soc & ors appl of deft H S Lemon from judgt of Mr Justice Neville, dated Nov 6, 1908, and contention by respts to vary judgt, dated March 9, 1909 Jan 6
Cuthbert v Roberts, Lubbock & Co & ors appl of defts from order of Mr Justice Joyce, dated Dec 21, 1908 Jan 15
Cope & ors v Crossingham & ors appl of pliffs from order of Mr Justice Eve, dated July 17, 1908, and cross-notice by defts, dated March 2, 1909 Jan 15
Havana Cigar & Tobacco Factories Id v Tiffin (1905) Id appl of pliffs from order of Mr Justice Warrington, dated Jan 21, 1909 Jan 22
In re L J D Brockman, a Solr, & c, and In re Taxation of Costs appl of The Sandgate U D C from order of Mr Justice Warrington, dated Jan 13, 1909 Jan 25
In re Morgan, dec Morgan & ors v Morgan & ors appl of defts from order of Mr Justice Warrington, dated Oct 15, 1908 Feb 8

Attorney-General and The Derbyshire County Council v Midland Ry Co appl of defts from order of Mr Justice Parker, dated Dec 18, 1908 Feb 8

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 to 1900, and in the Matter of De Dion Bouton (1897) ld (motn by Tweedy) appl of Respt Co from order of Mr Justice Neville, dated Jan 19, 1909 Feb 15

Same v Same (motion by Harry Stonehouse) appl of Respt Co from order of Mr Justice Neville, dated Jan 19, 1909 Feb 15

In re Thomson, dec Green & anr v The Mission Coast Home & ors appl of defts from order of Mr Justice Warrington, dated Nov 14, 1908 Feb 16

Bradshaw v Joyce appl of debt from order of Mr Justice Warrington, dated Jan 23, 1909 (security ordered) Feb 18

Bank of Africa ld v Cohen appl of plaintiffs from order of Mr Justice Eve, dated Feb 4, 1909 Feb 23

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 to 1907, and In the Matter of Feltham's Bank ld appl of Gertrude Bendon from order of Mr Justice Swinfen Eady, dated Feb 13, 1909 Feb 25

In re Pearce's Trusts and In re Trustee Act, 1893 appl of E F Whitworth from order of Mr Justice Warrington, dated Dec 8, 1908 (from Interlocutory List by order, dated Feb 25) Feb 16

In re John Hunt, dec Hepburn v Hepburn appl of pltf from order of Mr Justice Eve, dated Oct 24, 1908 March 1

In re Tipper, dec Tipper v Tipper (Liverpool District Registry) appl of Jane Tipper from order of Mr Justice Eve, dated Dec 11, 1908 March 1

In re W Howarth, dec Howarth & anr v Mackinson & ors (Manchester District Registry) appl of defts from order of Mr Justice Joyce, dated Jan 30, 1909, and cross-notice by pltf, dated March 8, 1909 March 9

Expte The Great Western Ry Co In re Great Western Ry (New Railways) Act, 1905, and In re the Lands Clauses Consolidation Acts appl of Mayor, &c, of Borough of Kensington from order of Mr Justice Swinfen Eady, dated Jan 30, 1909 (produce order) March 10

In the Matter of the Trusts of the Will of J Morphew, dec Shapcote v Gard & ors appl of defts from order of Mr Justice Neville, dated Dec 22, 1909 March 11

Reid & ors v Bickerstaff appl of pltf from judgment of Mr Justice Joyce, dated March 1, 1909 (produce order) March 13

In re Stawell, dec Poole v Riversdale & ors appl of defts from order of Mr Justice Neville, dated Jan 23, 1909 March 19

In re A Boake, Roberts & Co ld, Trade Marks Nos 46,664, 46,665, and 263,888, and The Trade Marks Act, 1905 appl of applts, W A Wayland & Co, from order of Mr Justice Neville, dated Feb 15, 1909 March 19

In re A Boake, Roberts & Co ld, and W A Wayland, defts appl of defts from order of Mr Justice Neville, dated Feb 15, 1909 March 19

In re Ralston's Patent, No 13,444 of 1896, and In re Patents & Designs Act, 1907 appl of respt, G S Ralston, from order of Mr Justice Warrington, dated March 4, 1909 (produce order) March 26

In re Preston & Ralston's Patent, No 7,970 of 1903 and In re Patents & Designs Act, 1907 appl of respt, G C Ralston, from order of Mr Justice Warrington, dated March 4, 1909 (produce order) March 26

In re Preston & Ralston's Patent, No 7,970 of 1903, and In re Patents & Designs Act, 1907 appl of respt, F G P Ralston, from order of Mr Justice Warrington, dated March 4, 1909 (produce order) March 26

Hill & anr v Bulley appl of pltf from order of Mr Justice Warrington, dated March 2, 1909 March 26

In the Matter of the Estate of J Peplow, dec Peplow v Peplow appl of pltf from order of Mr Justice Warrington, dated March 10, 1909 March 27

The Apollo Co ld v Greenwell appl of pltf from order of Mr Justice Eve, dated March 16, 1909 (produce order) March 29

Bellerby v Heyworth & anr appl of defts from order of Mr Justice Parker, dated March 25, 1909 April 7

FROM THE CHANCERY AND PROBATE AND DIVORCE DIVISION.

(Interlocutory List.)

1909.

In re Baird, dec de Witt v Villiers and ors appl of defts from order of Mr Justice Eve, dated Jan 19, 1909 March 24

Divorce Vardopulo v Vardopulo appl of respt from order of The President, dated March 15, 1909, part heard March 27 (first Saturday Easter Sittings)

In re Jane Hamilton, dec Hamilton v Hamilton appl of pltf from order of Mr Justice Eve, dated March 19, 1909 April 3

In the matter of Edward David Sweet, dec Sweet v Sweet appl of appl from order of Mr Justice Parker, dated March 30, 1909 (produce order) April 5

Mudie v Bond Street Property Investment Co, ld appl of pltf from order of Mr Justice Eve, dated March 19, 1909 (produce order) April 5

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 to 1900 and In the Matter of Fenn & Co ld appl of R. Ekens from refusal of Mr Justice Swinfen Eady, dated March 30, 1909 (produce order) April 5

FROM THE PROBATE AND DIVORCE DIVISION.

(New Trial Paper.)

1908.

Probate Niepel & anr v Kluge appl of debt from judgt of Mr. Justice Bargrave Deane and a jury, Middlesex, dated Dec 3, 1908 Dec 11

Probate In the Estate of James Turley, dec Shephard v Turley (widow) appl of debt from judgt of The President and a jury, Middlesex, dated Dec 9, 1908 Dec 17

1909.

Divorce Bond, Helena Jane v Bond, William Ebenezer appl of respt from judgt of Mr. Justice Bargrave Deane and a common jury, Middlesex, dated Dec 17, 1908 March 11

Probate In re the Estate of G. T. M. Messiter Terry, dec Mathew v Tooze (E. Gatehouse, Intervener) appl of Debt from judgt of The President and a special jury, Middlesex, dated March 12, 1909 March 29

FROM THE KING'S BENCH DIVISION.

(In Bankruptcy.)

In re A Debtor (expte The Debtor) No 45 of 1908, County Court of Middlesex, holden at Brentford from an order of the Divisional Court (Phillimore and Coleridge JJ), dated March 15, 1909, making a Receiving Order against the Debtor

In re T. H. Pearce (expte The Debtor) No 629 of 1908 from an order made by Mr Benjamin Brougham, dated March 24, 1909, adjudging the Debtor bankrupt

In re J Richman (expte F. W. Allen, Trustee) No 1,034 of 1908 from an order of Mr Registrar Brougham, dated March 24, 1909, declining to adjourn a private examination of the Bankrupt under Section 27 of the Bankruptcy Act, 1883, &c

In re Starkey, Leveson & Cooke (expte The London Joint Stock Bank, ld) No 615 of 1907 from an order of The Hon Mr. Justice Phillimore, dated March 19, 1909, declaring that The Trustee in Bankruptcy is entitled to a sum of £1,226 6s 9d, and directing payment thereof to him

FROM THE KING'S BENCH DIVISION.

(Final and New Trial List.)

1908.

Redfern v Hope appl of debt from judgt of Justice Channell and Sutton, dated July 2, 1908 (and motion) Aug 18 (not before July 1)

Wild v Bolton and In the Matter of an issue between Chandler & anr v Wild appl of debt A F V Wild from judgt of Mr Justice Channell, without a jury, Middlesex, dated Oct 16, 1908 Oct 30

In the Matter of an Arbitration between two Solicitors appl of appl from judgt of The Lord Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Walton, dated Oct 23, 1908 part heard (restored) March 22, 1909 Oct 31

The Comptoir National D'Escompte de Paris v Law, Car and General Insee Corpn ld appl of defts from judgt of Mr Justice Bray (Commercial List), dated Oct 20, 1908 Nov 3 (part heard before Vaughan Williams, Farwell and Kennedy, L.JJ)

Fleming & ors (Applts) v London County Council (Respts) appl of respts from judgts of The Lord Chief Justice and Mr Justice Walton, dated Nov 2, 1908 Nov 14

Butterworth v Graham appln of debt for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Nov 23, 1908, at trial before Mr Justice Lawrance and a special jury, Middlesex Dec 1

Regents Canal & Dock Co (Applts) v London County Council (Respts) appl of applts from judgt of The Lord Chief Justice and Justices Walton and Sutton, dated Nov 5, 1908 Dec 3

T A Jones v E Hulton & Co ld appln of defts for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Nov 23, 1908, at trial before Mr Justice Channell and a special jury, Manchester (restored) March 25 Dec 3

Rowley v Hyatts ld appln of pltf for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Nov 18, 1908, at trial before Mr. Justice Phillimore and a special jury, Middlesex Dec 7

Milne & ors v Mersey, Weaver & Ship Canal Co ld appln of defts for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Nov 25, 1908, at trial before Mr Justice Channell and a special jury, Manchester Dec 8

E Le Bas v The Mellingsgriffith Co ld appl of defts from judgt of Mr Justice Bray, without a jury, Middlesex, dated Nov 27, 1908 Dec 9

Taylor & Sons ld v The British Northrop Loom Co ld appln of pltf for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Nov 24, 1908, at trial before Mr Justice Channell and a special jury, Manchester (s o May 1) Dec 9

R L S Smith v W H Whiteman & anr appln of defts for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Dec 9, 1908, at trial before Mr Justice Grantham and a special jury, Middlesex Dec 10

Grand Maison d'Automobiles ld v Beresford appl of debt from judgt of Mr Justice Phillimore, without a jury, Middlesex, dated Nov 30, 1908 Dec 15

D N Macauley v Gt Northern, Piccadilly & Brompton Ry Co appl of pltf from judgment of Mr Justice Lawrance, special jury, Middlesex, dated Dec 3, 1908 Dec 15

M L Macauley v Same appl of pltf from judgment of Mr Justice Lawrance, special jury, Middlesex, dated Dec 3, 1908 Dec 15

Jones v Goode & The British Motorium Co *ld* appl of plttf from judgt of Mr Justice Darling, jury discharged, Middlesex, dated Nov 30, 1908 Dec 16

Theobald v Brettell appln of deft for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Dec 1, 1908, at trial before The Lord Chief Justice & a common jury, Birmingham Dec 16

Morgan v Meadowcroft & Wharton appl of defts from judgt of Mr Justice Ridley, without a jury, Swansea, dated Dec 15, 1908 Dec 18

Dent & Hellyer v Playfair & Toole appl of defts from judgt of Mr Justice Phillimore, without a jury, Middlesex, dated Nov 19, 1908 Dec 18

Lever Bros ld v Baines & Co ld appln of plttfs for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Dec 15, 1908, at trial before Mr Justice Coleridge & a special jury, Liverpool Dec 18

Gaunt v Haley appln of deft for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Dec 5, 1908, at trial before Mr Justice A T Lawrence and a special jury, Leeds Dec 18

Moder v Barttelot appln of deft for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Dec 10, 1908, at trial before Mr Justice Lawrence and a special jury, Middlesex Dec 19

Howes v Bishop & anr appln of deft, E M Bishop, for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Dec 12, 1908, at trial before Mr Justice Jelf and a common jury, Middlesex Dec 19

Municipal Council of Sydney v Cook (Bull, 3rd Party) appl of plttfs from judgt of Mr Justice Grantham, without a jury, Middlesex, dated Oct 15, 1908 Dec 21

Aktieselskabet "Hekla" v Bryson, Jameson & Co appl of defts from judgt of Mr Justice Bray, without a jury, Middlesex, dated Dec. 10, 1908 Dec 23

Rees v The Cardiff Channel Dry Dock and Pontoon Co ld appla of plttf for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Dec 9, 1908, at trial before Mr Justice Ridley and a special jury, Swansea Dec 23

Gordon v Jounques and ors appln of defts for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Dec 10, 1908, at trial before Mr Justice Grantham and a special jury, Middlesex Dec 24

1909.

Holwell Iron Co ld v Midland Ry Co (Railway and Canal Commission) appl of applicants from judgt of Mr Justice A T Lawrence, The Hon A E Gathorne Hardy and Sir James Woodhouse, dated Dec 9, 1908 (produce order) Jan 5

Haurahan v Leigh-on-Sea Urban D C appl of plttf from judgt of Justices Bigham and Walton, dated Dec 10, 1908 Jan 5

Taff Vale Ry Co v Spillers & Bakers ld appl of deft from judgt of Mr Justice Ridley, without a jury, Cardiff, dated Dec 16, 1908 Jan 12

Edward Gray & Co v Mountpark Steamship Co appln of defts for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Dec 19, 1908, at trial before Mr Justice Coleridge and a special jury, Liverpool Jan 18

Rumbold v London County Council and anr appln of plttf for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt dated Oct 21, 1908, at trial before Mr Justice Sutton and a common jury, Middlesex Jan 20

Woolner & Co v Baker appl of deft from judgt of Mr Justice Phillimore, without a jury, Middlesex, dated Jan 14, 1909 Jan 23

Gray and anr v Stileman appl of deft from judgt of Mr Justice Ridley, without a jury, Middlesex, dated Jan 12, 1909 Jan 26

Kramer v Maisel & Co and Sobel appl of defts from judgt of Mr Justice Channell, without a jury, Middlesex, dated Jan 12, 1909 Jan 26

Aldridge & Co v Gread appln of plttfs for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt dated Jan 18, 1909, at trial before Mr Justice Sutton and a common jury, Middlesex Jan 26

Burberrys v Sponeck-Mayer and anr appln of The Countess of Sponeck-Mayer for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Jan 19, 1909, at trial before Mr Justice Darling and a special jury, Middlesex, and cross-notice by plttfs, dated Feb 23, 1909 Jan 27

Great Western Ry Co v Midland Ry Co (Railway and Canal Commission) appl of defts from judgt of Mr Justice A T Lawrence, The Hon A E Gathorne Hardy, and Sir James Woodhouse, dated Nov 24, 1908 Jan 30

Faulkner v Watney, Combe, Reid & Co ld and anr appln of Watney & Co for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Jan 19, 1909, at trial before Mr Justice Ridley and a special jury, Middlesex Jan 25

Faulkner v Watney, Combe, Reid & Co ld and anr appln of deft, Bryant, for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Jan 19, 1909, at trial before Mr Justice Ridley and a special jury, Middlesex Jan 30

Weiss and Biheller v W T Davies appln of deft for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Jan 13, 1909, at trial before Mr Justice Jelf and a common jury, Middlesex Feb 1

Jenkins v The Daily News ld appln of plttf for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Jan 20, 1909, at trial before Mr Justice Sutton and a common jury, Middlesex Feb 2

Scholz v Amasis ld and anr appl of deft from judgt of Mr Justice Jelf, dated Jan 14, 1909, jury discharged, Middlesex Feb 3

John Jones & Sons ld v The Financial Times ld appl of deft from judgt of Mr Justice Darling and a special jury, Leicester, dated Jan 28, 1909 Feb 3

The Hertfordshire County Council v Great Eastern Railway Co appl of defts from judgt of Mr Justice Jelf (special case), dated Dec 19, 1908 Feb 4

Pape v O'Driscoll appln of deft for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgment, dated Jan 2, 1909, at trial before Mr Justice Phillimore and a special jury, Middlesex (security ordered) Feb 4

Fevre & Cie v Findlay appl of deft from judgt of Mr Justice Channell, without a jury, Middlesex, dated Jan 14, 1909 Feb 5

Seal & anr v Kingston appl of plttfs from judgt of Mr Justice Bigham, dated Nov 24, 1908 Feb 9

Munby & Nevile v Rodriguez appl of plttfs from judgt of Mr Justice Bucknill, dated Jan 25, 1909 Feb 6

Cato & anr v Ventnor Gas & Water Co appln of plttfs for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Feb 5, 1909, at trial before Mr Justice Ridley and a special jury, Middlesex Feb 11

Louie Feist & ors (trading, &c) v Walkers, Parker & Co ld appl of plttfs from judgt of Mr Justice Bray, dated Nov 4, 1908 Feb 11

Wing v London General Omnibus Co ld appl of defts from judgt of Justices Bigham and Walton, dated Jan 27, 1909 Feb 13

Nascimento v Demuth appl of plttf from judgt of Mr Justice Sutton and a common jury, Middlesex, dated Feb 5, 1909 Feb 13

Harvey v Samuel appl of deft from judgt of Mr Justice Channell, without a jury, Middlesex, dated Feb 6, 1909 Feb 15

Jenkins v Picture Press ld appln of plttf for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Feb 2, 1909, at trial before Mr Justice Phillimore and a special jury, Middlesex Feb 16

Batcheller v Howard appl of deft from judgt of Mr Justice Channell, Middlesex, dated Jan 28, 1909 Feb 16

R A Dutton v W H Nephew & Co (Bristol District Registry) appl of defts from judgt of Mr Justice Phillimore, without a jury, Middlesex, dated Jan 30, 1909 Feb 17

Read & anr v Price & anr appl of defts from judgt of Mr Justice Channell, without a jury, Middlesex, dated Feb 3, 1909 Feb 18

South American Export Syndicate v Federal Steam Navigation Co appln of defts for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Dec 21, 1908, at trial before Mr Justice Bray and a special jury, Middlesex Jan 21

The South American Export Co & ors v The Federal Steam Navigation Co ld appl of defts from judgt of Mr Justice Bray and a special jury, Middlesex, dated Jan 29, 1909 Feb 19

Fisher v Tasker appln of deft for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Feb 8, 1909, at trial before The Sheriff of Yorkshire Feb 22

Fisher v Tasker appl of deft from order of Mr Justice Pickford, dated March 4, 1909 (from Interlocutory List, by order) March 6

Jones v Stott appl of deft from judgt of Mr Justice A T Lawrence, without a jury, York, dated Jan 15, 1909 Feb 26

Great Central Ry Co v Lancashire & Yorkshire Ry Co (Railway and Canal Commission) appl of applicants from judgt of Mr Justice A T Lawrence, The Hon A E Gathorne-Hardy and Sir James Woodhouse, dated Dec 18, 1908 (s o not before May 10) Feb 26

Danks v Sherek and Bruff appln of defts for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Feb 12, 1909, at trial before The Lord Chief Justice and a common jury, Middlesex March 3

Stevens v The Hudson Bay Co appl of respts from judgt of Mr Justice Channell, dated Feb 19, 1909 March 4

Scudder v L C C appln of plttf for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Feb 25, 1909, at trial before Mr Justice Darling and a special jury, Middlesex March 4

The Rosin and Turpentine Import Co v B Jacobs & Sons ld appl of defts from judgt of Mr Justice Bray, without a jury, Middlesex, dated Feb 19, 1909 March 5

Daniel v Great Northern Ry Co appln of defts for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Feb 24, 1909, at trial before Mr Justice Darling and a special jury, Middlesex March 6

K G Thomas v Collins appl of deft from judgt of Justices Phillimore and Walton, dated Feb 26, 1909 March 6

United Counties Theatres ld v W Durrant & ors appln of defts for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Feb 25, 1909, at trial before Mr Justice Lawrence and a special jury, Middlesex March 6

Maalschappij voor Radiotelegraphie v Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Co ld appl of defts from judgt of Mr Justice Bray, dated Feb 16 1909 March 8

Dixon v Blackpool and Fleetwood Tram Road Co appl of applicant from judgment of The Lord Chief Justice, President of Probate Division and Mr Justice Walton, dated Feb 15, 1909 March 11

L Teller as F Lawrence v Welch (widow), and B Welch (widow) v L Teller and anr (by counter-claim) appln of B Welch for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated March 5, 1909, at trial before Mr Justice Lawrence and a special jury, Middlesex March 13

G N Charlton v A N Pearson and anr appln of plttf for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Feb 25, 1909, at trial before Mr Justice Jelf and a common jury, Nottingham March 15

Red R Steamship Co ld v Allatine Bros and ors appl of plttfs from judgment of Mr Justice Bray, without a jury, Middlesex, dated Jan 29, 1909 March 15

Thomas v Collins appl of plttf from judgt of Justices Phillimore and Walton, dated Feb 26, 1909 March 16

The County of Durham Electrical Power Distribution Co ld v The Commrs of Inland Revenue (Revenue Side) appl of applicants from judgt of Mr Justice Channell, dated Feb 26, 1909 March 16

- J W Smith (Surveyor of Taxes) v The Lion Brewery Co ld (Revenue Side)** appl of respts from judgt of Mr Justice Channell, dated Feb 19, 1909 March 17
- R Latter v Littlehampton Urban District Council A Latter v Same** appl of pliffs from judgt of Mr Justice Bucknill, without a jury, Sussex, dated Feb 15, 1909 March 19
- Avis and anr v Tizard** appln of pliffs for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated March 4, 1909, at trial before Mr Justice Coleridge and a common jury, Middlesex March 23
- McKelvie v Pilsley Colliery Co ld** appln of defts for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated Feb 11, 1909, at trial before Mr Justice Darling and a special jury, Derby March 26
- Ham Hill and Douling Stone Co ld v Rees** appl of defts from judgt of Mr Justice Ridley, without a jury, Taunton, dated March 10, 1909 March 26
- E Bones v Wolseley Tool and Motor Car Co ld** appl of defts from judgt of Mr Justice Channell and a common jury, Birmingham, dated March 15, 1909 March 29
- Solomon Coleman v The National Benefit Trust ld** appl of defts from judgt of Mr Justice Grantham and a special jury, Middlesex, dated March 24, 1909 March 30
- Roderiaklieselskabet "Superior" v Dewer & Webb** appln of defts for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated March 5, 1909, at trial before Mr Justice Bray, without a jury, Middlesex April 2
- J C Barker v The Right Hon the Earl of Mayo and ors** appln of plfff for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated March 25, 1909, at trial before Mr Justice Lawrance and a special jury, Middlesex April 2
- Same v Same** appln of deft, G D Simpson, for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated March 25, 1909, at trial before Mr Justice Lawrance and a special jury, Middlesex April 2
- Perkins v Mayor & of Rawtenstall** appl of plfff from judgt of The Lord Chief Justice (jury discharged), Lancaster, dated March 5, 1909 April 3
- Masterman v Ropner & Sons ld** appl of applicant from judgment of Justices Darling and Walton, dated March 4, 1909 April 5
- Christides Bros v T Bowen Rees & Co ld** appl of defts from judgment of Mr Justice Pickford, without a jury, Middlesex, dated March 30, 1909 April 6
- In re An Arbitration between The Press Assoc ld and The Exchange Telegraph Co ld** appl of The Press Assoc ld from judgt of Mr Justice Channell, dated March 23, 1909 April 7
- Hillyer v The Mayor, Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London** appln of plfff for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated March 29, 1909, at trial before Mr Justice Grantham and a special jury, Middlesex April 7
- Stephenson v Harley** appln of deft for judgt or new trial on appl from verdict and judgt, dated March 26, 1909, at trial before Presiding Judge, Liverpool Court of Passage and a common jury, Liverpool April 7
- The Motor Car Emporium ld v De Dion Bouton ld and De Dion Bouton (1907) ld (point of Law)** appl of defts from judgt of Mr Justice Channell, dated March 28, 1909 April 8
- In re Arbitration between Steel Bros & Co and Irving, Son & Co (special case)** appl of Irving, Son & Co from judgt of Mr Justice Channell, dated March 27, 1909 April 8
- Parker v London General Omnibus Co ld** appl of plfff from judgt of Justices Darling and Pickford, dated March 20, 1909 April 8
- Chislett v Macbeth & Co ld** appl of plfff from judgt of Justices Bigham and Walton, dated Feb 4, 1909 April 8

FROM THE PROBATE, DIVORCE AND ADMIRALTY DIVISION (ADMIRALTY).

With Nautical Assessors.

(Final List.)

1909.

- Cordova—1908—Folios 271 and 280 (Consolidated)** The Owners of Steamship Codigearn v Owners of Steamship Cordova (damage) appl of defts from judgt of The President, dated Dec 3, 1908 Feb 6
- Corinthean—1908—Folios 398 and 399 (Consolidated)** The Ulster Steamship Co ld v The Steamship Corinthean (damage) appl of defts from judgt of Mr Justice Bargrave Deane, dated Feb 11, 1909 March 8
- Clan Macpherson—1908—Folio 605** The Owners and Crew of the Steamship Gauntlet v The Owners of the Vessel Clan Macpherson, her Cargo and Freight (salvage) appl of pliffs from judgt of Mr Justice Bargrave Deane, dated Feb 8, 1909 March 8
- Annie—1909—Folio 181** Cooper v Clares Lighterage Co ld (damage) appl of defts from judgt of Mr Justice Bargrave Deane, dated March 18, 1909 March 31
- Shira—1909—Folio 183** The Owners and Crew of the Steamship Indian v The Owners of the Steamship Shira, her Cargo and Freight (salvage) appl of pliffs from judgt of Mr Justice Bargrave Deane, dated March 5, 1909 April 3

Without Nautical Assessors.

1908.

- August Leffer—1908—Folio 320** Thomas Drexbury (trading, &c) v The Owners of the Vessel August Leffer appl of defts from judgt of The President and Mr Justice Bargrave Deane, dated Nov 18, 1908 Dec 4

1909.

- Salvador—1908—Folio 561** Wilson, Sons & Co ld v Flanders (breach of contract) appl of deft from judgt of Mr Justice Bargrave Deane, dated March 1, 1909 March 11

FROM THE KING'S BENCH DIVISION.

(Interlocutory List.)

1908.

- In the Matter of an Arbitration between Messrs. Enoch & Sons, Proprietors of St. James' Hall and Vert Sinkins Concert Direction ld and In the Matter of the Arbitration Act, 1889** appl of Enoch & Sons from order of Mr Justice Coleridge, dated March 28, 1908 (s o liberty to apply to restore) April 8
- Grant & Sons v Pickfords ld** appl of defts from order of Mr Justice Ridley, dated May 1, 1908 (s o liberty to restore) April 12
- Pouchon v Michel's Composite Sleepers ld** appl of defts from order of Mr Justice Ridley, dated May 6, 1908 (s o 7 days' notice to restore) May 23

1909.

- W Kennedy ld v Mayor, &c, of Barrow-in-Furness** appl of pliffs from order of Mr Justice Bucknill, dated Jan 20, 1909, part heard Jan 29 (s o for date to be arranged)
- Campbell and Handman v Erpingham Rural District Council** appl of pliffs from order of Mr Justice Bucknill, dated Jan 15, 1909 Jan 29 (part heard before Vaughan Williams, Buckley and Kennedy, LJJ)
- Blackwell & Co v Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses of the Borough of Derby** appl of pliffs from order of Mr Justice Bucknill, dated Jan 27, 1909 Feb 10 (s o till Judgment given in No 4)
- Attorney-Gen (on relation, &c, Marquess of Salisbury) v Barnet District Gas and Water Co** appl of plfff from order of Mr Justice Hamilton, dated Feb 22, 1909 March 3 (first Interlocutory day)
- Curtis v Eyre & ors** appl of deft, Eyre, from order of Mr Justice Lawrance, dated March 1, 1909 March 15
- The Electrical Co ld v Oliver H Thomas, Son & Co** Same v Same (consolidated by order, dated March 4, 1909) appl of defts from order of Mr Justice Walton, dated March 22, 1909 March 30
- Burr v Smith & ors** appl of plfff from order of Mr Justice Lawrance, dated March 23, 1909 April 2 (s o not before April 23)
- Carpenter v Labouchere** appl of deft from order of Mr Justice Grantham, dated March 26, 1909 April 6
- Tighe v Radstock & ors** appl of plfff from order of Mr Justice Coleridge, dated April 2, 1909 April 7
- Turner v Walsh** appl of plfff from order of Mr Justice Channell, dated March 26, 1909 April 8
- Companhia de Mineracao no Brazil v Darwen and Mostyn Iron Co ld** appl of defts from order of Mr Justice Pickford, dated April 5, 1909 April 8
- Hall v Arthur** appl of plfff from order of Mr Justice Channell, dated April 5, 1909 April 8

In re The Workmen's Compensation Acts, 1897 and 1906.

(From County Courts.)

1909.

- Donnelly (widow) and ors v Owners of Ship Vedamore** appl of applicants from award of County Court (Lancashire, Liverpool), dated Jan 4, 1909 (security ordered) Jan 12
- Gallager v Crossfield & Co** appl of respts from award of County Court (Lancashire, Barrow-in-Furness and Ulverston), dated Jan 22, 1909 Feb 12
- Lancashire and Yorkshire Ry Co v Horna** appeal of respts from award of County Court (Lancashire, Haslingden), dated Feb 4, 1909 Feb 25
- Charles v Walker ld** appl of applicant from award of County Court (Middlesex, Barnet), dated Feb 23, 1909 (security ordered) March 16
- Marks v Carne** appl of applicant from award of County Court (Surrey, Wandsworth), dated March 15, 1909 March 24
- Wenlock Brewery Co ld v Bridger** appl of respt from award of County Court (Middlesex, Clerkenwell), dated March 6, 1909 March 26
- Ruthven v Swan Hunter and Wigham Richardson ld** appl of applicant from award of County Court (Northumberland, North Shields), dated March 11, 1909 March 27
- Wilkinson v Fordingham Iron and Steel Co** appl of applicant from award of County Court (Lincolnshire, Brigg), dated March 8, 1909 March 27
- McLean and Wife v The Moss Bay Iron and Steel Co ld** appl of respts from award of County Court (Cumberland, Whitehaven), dated March 13, 1909 March 31
- Squires v Guest, Keen & Nettlefolds ld** appl of applicant from award of County Court (Monmouthshire, Newport), dated March 11, 1909 April 1
- Boswell v Gilbert** appl of applicant from award of County Court (Worcestershire, Pershore), dated March 18, 1909 April 3
- Whelan v Great Northern Steam Shipping Co ld** appl of applicant from award of County Court (Yorkshire, Kingston-upon-Hull), dated March 30, 1909 April 6
- Ystradowen Colliery Co ld v Griffiths** appl of respt from award of County Court (Glamorganshire, Neath and Aberavon), dated March 19, 1909 April 7

N.B.—The above List contains Chancery, Palatine and King's Bench Final and Interlocutory Appeals, &c., set down to April 8th, 1909.

The Property Mart.

Forthcoming Auction Sales.

May 3.—Messrs. REEBECK BROS., at the Property Sale Room, Gervie-chambers, Bournemouth, at 3: Freehold Estate, Ground-Rents, &c. (see advertisement, back page, April 24).
 May 3.—Messrs. BUCKLAND & SONS, at the Mart, at 2: Leasehold Shop Property (see advertisement, p. lii, April 24).
 May 4.—Messrs. FIELD, SOFT & GLASSIER, at the Mart, at 2: Freehold Warehouses, Ground-Rents, &c. (see advertisement, back page, this week).
 May 5.—Messrs. EDWIN FOX & BOUSFIELD, at the Mart, at 2: Freehold Ground-Rents (see advertisement, back page, April 24).
 May 5.—Mr. ED. HUGH HINNY, at the Mart, at 2: Residences (see advertisement, back page, April 24).
 May 6.—Messrs. H. E. FOSTER & CRAWFIELD, at the Mart, at 2: Absolute Reversions, Reversions, Life Interest, Annuity, Policies of Assurance, Shares, &c. (see advertisement, back page, this week).
 May 7.—Messrs. HOBBS & CO., at the Mart, at 2: Freehold Business Premises and Family Residence (see advertisement, back page, April 17).
 May 7.—Messrs. BAIANT & SON, at the Mart, at 2: Freehold and Leasehold Premises (see advertisement, p. lii, April 24).
 May 10.—Messrs. S. H. DAVIES & CO., at the Mart, at 2: Freehold Property and Residence (see advertisement, back page, April 24).
 May 11.—Messrs. DEBENHAM, TEWSON, RICHARDSON & CO., at the Mart, at 2: Freehold Building Site (see advertisement, back page, April 24).
 May 12.—Messrs. EDWIN FOX & BOUSFIELD, at the Mart, at 2: Shares (see advertisement, back page, April 12 and 24).
 May 12.—Messrs. TROLOPE, at the Mart, at 2: Town Mansion and Freehold Estate (see advertisement, back page, April 24).
 May 13.—Messrs. DAVID BURRITT, SON, & BADDLEY, at the Mart: Freehold and Leasehold Properties, Land, &c. (see advertisement, p. lii, this week).
 May 20.—Messrs. ELOANT, at the Mart, at 1: Freehold Ground-Rents (see advertisement, back page, this week).
 May 26.—Messrs. DEBENHAM, TEWSON, & CO., at the Mart, at 2: Freehold Factory (see advertisement, p. lii, this week).
 Messrs. E. WALKER & SON, at the Mart: Freehold Ground-Rents and Properties (see advertisement, back page, March 13) at early date.

Winding-up Notices.

London Gazette.—FRIDAY, April 23. JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.

LIMITED IN CHANCERY.

AFRICAN DIAMOND DRESSING SYNDICATE, LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before June 6, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Arthur James Austin, 63, London wall. Woolf & Co, Abchurch ln, solvers for liquidator.
 ANGLO-AMERICAN BANK, LIMITED—The above company having entered into a scheme for amalgamation with the London Paris National Bank of San Francisco, creditors are required, on or before June 1, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Lewis & Yglesias, Old Jewry, solvers for liquidators.
 BRADFORD GAS LIGHT CO, LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before May 31, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Arthur Kenrick Cole, Arlington chambers, Newport, Mon, liquidator.
 BREKETT (1907), LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before May 12, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Albert Edward Tiley, 8, Staple inn, liquidator.
 CAIRO ALEXANDRIA AND GENERAL LAND AGENCY, LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before June 10, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Thomas Frederick Stevens, 57, Old Broad st. Norton & Co, Old Broad st, solvers for liquidator.
 GIBBERT, SON, & CO, LIMITED—Petn for winding up, presented April 6, directed to be heard May 4. James & Co, 13A, Fore st, solvers for the petners. Notice of appearing must reach the above-named not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of May 3.
 GUINNESS STRAIGHT CO, LIMITED (IN LIQUIDATION)—Creditors are required, on or before June 4, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts and claims to William Leach Jackson, May bidge, North John st, Liverpool. Batesons & Co, Liverpool, solvers for the liquidator.
 INTERNATIONAL LADIES' TAILORS AND FURRIERS, LIMITED—Petn for winding up, presented April 7, directed to be heard May 4. Cannon & Son, Wool Exchange, Coleman st, solvers for the petners. Notice of appearing must reach the above-named not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of May 3.
 JOSE BULL, LIMITED—Petn for winding up, presented April 7, directed to be heard May 4. Asler & Peroway, 16, Ophthal av, solvers for the petners. Notice of appearing must reach the above-named not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of May 3.
 JOSE BULL INVESTMENT TRUST AND AGENCY, LIMITED—Petn for winding up, presented April 16, directed to be heard on M-y 4. Morley & Co, Gresham House, Old Broad st, solvers for petner. Notice of appearing must reach the above-named not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of May 3.
 MOUNT MILL CO, LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before May 29, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to F. A. Harcourt, 7, Grimsshaw st, Burnley, liquidator.
 P. & H. LEWIS, LIMITED—Petn for winding up, presented April 10, directed to be heard at Court House, Magistrates' Room, Bangor, on May 17, at 2.30. Thompson, Liverpool, solvers for petner. Notice of appearing must reach the above-named not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of May 16.
 RACINE DRAINAGE CO, LIMITED (IN LIQUIDATION)—Creditors are required, on or before June 7, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Archibald Charles Buny Douglas, liquidator.
 ROCKWELL-WARREN CO, LIMITED—Petn for winding up, presented April 20, directed to be heard May 4. McKenna & Co, 31/34, Basinghall st. Notice of appearing must reach the above-named not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of May 3.
 ROSEBANK VALLEY TEAMWAYS CO, LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before May 25, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Alfred Robert Abbott, 61, Gracechurch st. Robinson & Co, Leathers, solvers for the liquidators.

London Gazette.—TUESDAY, April 27. JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.

LIMITED IN CHANCERY.

C. & E. GRAY, LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before June 5, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Robert Hope Johnston, 40, Queen st, Wolverhampton. Jaques & Sons, Birmingham, solvers for liquidator.
 EAST KENT PRESERVING CO, LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before June 26, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Oscar Berry, Monument House, Monument sq.
 EASTERN BRICKS & CEMENT CO, LIMITED (IN LIQUIDATION)—Creditors are required, on or before June 10, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to William Henry Stentford, 1, Broad st pl, liquidator.

FREEHOLD PLOTS DEVELOPMENT CO, LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before June 15, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Samuel George Faithorne, 43, Finsbury sq. Cartwright & Cunningham, Paternoster row, solvers for the liquidator.
 GREATER LONDON PROPERTY CO, LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before June 1, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Henry Branch, 26, Chesapeake, liquidator.
 J. CAMP, LIMITED—Petn for winding up, presented April 20, directed to be heard at the Town Hall, Great Yarmouth, May 13, at 12 Chamberlin & Talbot, Great Yarmouth, solvers for the petners; London agents, Dubois & Co, Pancras lane. Notice of appearing must reach the above named not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of May 13.
 J. DESPRIES & SONS, LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before May 17, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Arthur Francis Whinney, 32, Old Jewry. Styer, Fenchurch st, solvers for the liquidator.
 PERCY C. JAMES & CO, LIMITED—Creditors are required, on or before June 12, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to H. L. Warrinell, 20, Richmond ter, Blackburn. Mason & Moore Dutton, Chester, solvers for the liquidator.

Creditors' Notices. Under Estates in Chancery.

LAST DAY OF CLAIM.

London Gazette.—FRIDAY, April 23.

MANLEY, EMMA PERRY, Eastbourne, Hotel Keeper June 2 Manley v Thorowgood, Swinfen Bay, J. Clowes, Sergeants' inn, Temple.
 MASON, WILLIAM SYDNEY, Elham, Kent May 28 Mason v Mason, Eve, J. Giles, Lambeth rd.
 PROTHOROE, ALEXANDER, Handsworth, Stafford, Bank Manager May 28 Parkes v Prothoroe, Warrington, J. Mitchell, Birmingham.
 London Gazette.—TUESDAY, April 27.
 HILL, JANE, Bickerton rd, Islington June 1 Healey v MacLaren, Master Hulbert Sillerton Rd, N. & N. Southampton st, Bloomsbury.
 SLATIER, JAMES TUTOR, Long acre, Coachbuilder May 28 Barker v Slatier and Another, Warrington, J. Barker & Co, Bedford row.
 SMITH, SARAH FRESH, Chetwynd Aston, nr Newport, Salop May 28 Smith v Smith Warrington, J. Liddle, Newport.

Under 22 & 23 Vict. cap. 35.

LAST DAY OF CLAIM.

London Gazette.—FRIDAY, April 23.

ABRAHAM, ADELAIDE, Graham rd, Dalston May 18 Ashbridge, Fenchurch st
 ANSELL, HARRIET, Leamington May 31 Large & Major, Leamington
 ATTENBROUGH, CHARLES ROBERT, Nottingham May 26 Wells & Hind, Nottingham
 AYRES, JAMES, Birmingham June 4 Stoddard, Birmingham
 BAMFORD, JOHN, Rochdale May 31 Brierley & Hudson, Rochdale
 BEBORING, ANNE MARIA, Dover May 19 Mowll & Mowll, Dover
 BECK, ELIZABETH ANN, Jarrow May 21 Hadnay & Co, South Shields
 BOWCOCK, LOYD HARRAH, Southport May 24 Worden & Ashington, Southport
 BREWER, JOHN, Hinchley, Dawley, Salop May 27 Newell, Wellington, Salop
 BRITCHER, WILLIAM, Tonbridge, Fruit Merchant May 28 Wardley & Co, Tonbridge
 BROADLEY, ELEANOR SARAH, Cloane Terrace, May 25 Wade, St Helena pl
 BROWN, JOHN, Houghton Conquest, Beds, Farmer May 31 Mitchell, Bedford
 BUCHANAN, MARY, Birkdale, Lancs May 1 Brown & Co, Southport
 BUSTON, WILLIAM, Salisbury, Norfolk May 31 Birch & Co, Spring gds
 CAMPBELL, WILLIAM, Huntingdon June 1 Hurrybun & Sons, Huntingdon
 CHANDLER, MARIA, Pendleton, Lancs June 1 Addleshaw & Co, Manchester
 CHANNING, MARY ANN, Tiverton June 1 Fisher, Tiverton, Devon
 CLAYTON, JOHN, Torksey, York Coal Factor May 31 Batey & Sons, Barnsley
 COLEY, ROSE ISABELLA ELIZABETH, New Church st, Birmosday May 1 W H Boyd, Ballymacool Letterkeny
 CUMMING, CUL WILLIAM GORDON, CIE, Charlottesville, mans, West Kensington June 7 Balderston & Warrens, Bedford row
 DARLING-BARKER, SUSANNAH, Cambridge st May 21 Aldridge & Co, Bedford row
 DAVIS, WILLIAM, Watford, Butcher May 24 Arnold, Watford
 DAY, RIGHT HON SIR JOHN CHARLES FREDERIC STORMES, Newbury, Berks May 26 Stone & Co, Bath
 DELAY, CAROLINE, Palace gr, Kensington May 20 Edell & Co, King st, Chesapeake
 D'O'LE, GEORGE HALFRED, Elvaston pl, Queen's gate June 1 Dimond & Son, Welbeck st, Cavendish sq
 DUNE, SARAH, Newcastle upon Tyne, Licensed Victualler May 31 Chapman, North Shields
 ETCHER, CHARLES JEFFERY, Botesford, Leicester June 2 Brooks & Heller, Upper Thames st
 GILBERT, SAMUEL HARRY, Finborough rd, West Brompton, Hotel Porter May 8 Pheasant, Duke st
 HALL, ANN, New Cross rd, Deptford May 22 Charles, Cophall av
 HALL, CLAY, Nottingham, Ironmonger May 24 Wells & Hind, Nottingham
 HARDCASTE, ISABELLE WILKINS, Kensington Palace mans, Kensington May 20 Croft & Mortimer, Coleman st
 HARRIS, HARRY HERBERT, Seaton, Devon, Grocer May 14 Tweed & Son, Honiton
 HARRIS, JAMES, Nantucke, Illogan May 6 Rowe, Redruth
 HART, MARY, Nottingham May 31 Wells & Hind, Nottingham
 HUGHES, ROY HENRY PHILLIP WILLIAM, Queensland, Australia June 3 Smith & Co, Aberystwyth
 HUNTLEY, WILLIAM JAMES, Hastings May 29 Pead, Bexhill
 JONES, MARGARET, Marylands rd, Faddington May 24 Daniell & Glover, Great Winchester
 JOURNET, LEE J. JULIETTE, Union st, Blackfriars rd May 21 Burton & Son, Blackfriars rd
 KESTELL-CORNISH, the Rt Rev ROBERT KESTELL, DD, Howitree, Exeter June 5 Dunning & Co, Honiton
 LEUCHARS, WILLIAM, Wimbledon Common June 1 Miller & Co, Savile row
 MACALPINE, REV CHARLES SCOTT, Manchester June 8 Hilditch, Manchester
 MCNAUGHT, JOHN, Malmesbury rd, Bow, Draper's Manager May 24 Preston, Bishopsgate Without
 MCARDNEY, WILLIAM, Wigan, Draper May 20 Gibson, Wigan
 MARTIN, DAVID BENJAMIN WARD, Colchester, Draper June 1 White, Colchester
 MESSMORE, MARY ANN, Sandwich May 6 Fielding & Cloke, Sandwich
 MILNER, LOUISA, Shrewsbury May 28 Hughes, Shrewsbury
 MITTON, GEORGE FRANK, Wellingborough, Northampton May 31 Heygate & James, Wellingborough
 MOXON, ALICE ELIZABETH, Bedford May 25 Sherrard & Sons, Gresham st
 MUXN, FREDERICK, Worcester May 24 Hyde & Sons, Worcester
 NEAL, JAMES, Whitting, nr Houslow June 4 Woodbridge & Sons, Sergeants' inn, Fleet st
 NIMMO, JOHN, Gateshead May 21 Lambert, Newcastle upon Tyne
 NIMMO, SARAH ANN, Gateshead May 21 Lambert, Newcastle upon Tyne
 ORRISON, DINAH, Longsight, Manchester May 31 Diggle & Ogden, Manchester

POYNTER, JOHN HARR, Abbotsbury, Dorset June 1 Marsh & Warty, Yeovil, Somerset
 SCHWEN, HENRY CHRISTIAN, Albany rd, Camberwell, Dentist May 21 Barton & Sons, Blackfriars rd
 SHEPARD, BEATRICK, Hove May 24 Chapman & Co, Dover st
 SHELTON, MATTHEW, Tipton, Staffs May 31 Slater & Co, Darlington
 SINCCLAIR, PATER, Addison rd, Kensington May 23 King, Ironmonger in
 SPACKMAN, THOMAS EDWARD, South Kensington Hotel May 31 Collyer & Co, Bedford Row
 STEWART, GEORGE, Belvedere rd, Lambeth, Metal Merchant May 31 Greenop & Co, Cullum st
 STREET, HENRY WILLIAM, Brixton hill, Printer May 31 Gray & Co, Staple inn
 SULLY, ANGLA, Purley May 12 Booth & Co, Victoria Embankment
 SWINFORD, JAMES SMITH, Basingstoke June 1 Kingsford & Co, Essex st, Strand
 THOMAS, MATTHEW, Cardiff May 10 Forsdike, Cardiff
 TOMLINSON, ROSE, Clifton, Bristol June 4 Willway, Bristol
 TRENKLER, SARAH, Cheltenham June 7 Joynton, Liverpool
 TUBBY, JOHN FRANCIS, Brighton May 20 Adams & Adams, Clement's inn, Strand
 TWEEDDALE, WILLIAM ALEXANDER, Malda Vale May 31 Butten & Co, Covent gds
 VARNET, FRANCIS, Fountain rd, Stoke Newington May 30 Beckingsale & Co, Stoke Newington rd
 WILD, PETER, Monks rd Manchester May 31 Bowden, Manchester
 WILLIAMS, BETSEY ANN BUSTON, Lee, Lewisham May 19 Pedley & Co, Bush in
 WILLIS, JOSEPH, Granville rd, Childs Hill May 20 London & Carpenter, Budge row
 WILSON, CHARLOTTE MARY, Westminster, Wills May 10 Partridge & Wilson, Bury St Edmunds
 WOLF, EMILIA MATHILDE, Stroud Common, Surrey June 1 Gasquet & Co, Mincing In
 London Gazette.—TUESDAY, April 27.
 ALLEN, JOHN, Ixworth, Suffolk May 12 Banks & Co, Bury St Edmunds
 ANDERSON, JOHN, Sheffield May 17 Rodgers & Co, Sheffield
 BAINES, HARRIET, Ashton on Ribbles, nr Preston May 8 Goodier, Preston
 BAYLY, LOUISA MARY, Cambridge mans, Battersea Park June 7 Tyler, Clement's inn
 BEALTY, PHILIP SMITH, Farnborough June 9 Hubbard, Bloomsbury sq
 BECKETT, JOHN HENRY, Manchester, Shoe Manufacturer June 8 Heath & Sons, Manchester
 BERRIDGE, JAMES, Sibbertoft, Northampton, Farmer May 23 Douglas, Market Harborough
 BETHUNE, REV ARTHUR, Seaham, Durham May 27 Ellis, Sunderland
 BOWEN, HENRY CHARLES, Walsall, Horse Clothing Manufacturer June 8 J N & E A Cotterell, Walsall
 BUCKLEY, SARAH, Urmston, nr Manchester May 26 Lee, Manchester
 BUTT, FREDERICK THOMAS, Vincent sq July 24 Gibson & Co, Portugal st bldgs, Lincoln's inn
 CIRCUTT, HENRY HARDING WARNER, Wimpole st May 25 Moon & Co, Lincoln's inn fields
 CORRETT, WILLIAM JOHN, Chard, Somerset, Draper May 8 Thomas & Reade, Chard
 COOK, HELEN LOUISA, Sheffield May 21 Lawson & Co, Manchester
 COX, ZEPH, EMILIA JESSIE, Weymouth June 10 Lawrence & Co, New sq, Lincoln's inn
 DAVIES, ANNE, Newport, Mon May 31 Lloyd & Pratt, Newport, Mon

Bankruptcy Notices.

London Gazette.—FRIDAY, April 23.

RECEIVING ORDERS.

ACKROYD, FREDERICK, Hartlepool, Innkeeper Sunderland Pet April 10 Ord April 20
 AUSTIN-LEIGH, ANTHONY, Denbigh st, Fimlico, Actor High Court Pet Jan 23 Ord April 20
 BAILEY, FRANCIS WILLIAM HENRY, Bristol, Decorator Bristol Pet April 19 Ord April 19
 BARNETT, HENRY JAMES, Bedford Park, Chiswick, Builder Brentford Pet Mar 23 Ord April 19
 BECKETT, W. King st, Hemmingsmith, Draper High Court Pet April 15 Ord April 17
 BROWN, WILLIAM CHARLES, Chiswick, Provision Dealer Edgmont Pet Mar 30 Ord April 19
 CARRIS, ANDREW MENNERS, Sandringham bldgs, Charing Cross rd, Tailor High Court Pet Mar 20 Ord April 19
 CLAYTON, FRED, Headingley, Leeds, Insurance Company Manager Leeds Pet Mar 9 Ord April 19
 CRIPPS, RICHARD, St John st, Smithfield, Manufacturer High Court Pet Mar 5 Ord April 19
 CUDDEY, CHARLES G, Broad st chmbrs, Bow st, Solicitor High Court Pet Jan 21 Ord April 20
 DAVIES, GEORGE, Llanelli, Carmarthen, Haulier Carmarthen Pet April 21 Ord April 21
 EVANS, WILLIAM LEWIS, Croft-yr-hydd, Llantrisant, Glam, Farmer Pontypidd Pet April 19 Ord April 19
 EYRETT, GEORGE, St Albans, Butcher's Manager St Albans Pet April 19 Ord April 19
 FAIRHEAD & Co, York st, Twickenham, Billiard Table Makers Brentford Pet Mar 22 Ord April 19
 FISHER, WILLIAM, Yeading, York, Wheelwright Leeds Pet April 20 Ord April 20
 FREEDMAN, GEORGE, Marylebone rd, Motor Agent High Court Pet Feb 11 Ord April 16
 HAMILTON, CHARLES EDWARD, Hamlet gds, Ravenscourt pk, Theatrical Manager High Court Pet April 19 Ord April 19
 HARRISON, MAURICE PRICE, Sefton pk, Liverpool, Clerk Liverpool Pet April 21 Ord April 21
 HERTINGTON, ROBERT, Penarth, Cumberland, Fishmonger, Cardiff Pet April 7 Ord April 21
 JONES, NATHAN BLACKMAN, Festiniog, Merioneth Portmadoc Pet April 19 Ord April 19
 JONES, WILLIAM, Penllwy, Llandewibrell, Cardigan, Farmer Carmarthen Pet Mar 29 Ord April 20
 MACDONALD, FREDERICK, Old st, Manufacturer of Cycles High Court Pet April 7 Ord April 21
 PARKES, JOHN HENRY, Landport, Portsmouth, Hair Purveyor Portsmouth Pet April 19 Ord April 19
 PARKES, WILLIAM, Small Heath, Birmingham, Pawnbroker Birmingham Pet April 21 Ord April 21
 PARRY, BESSIE, Killy, Flint, Hay Merchant Bangor Pet April 7 Ord April 21
 FRANK, WILLIAM HENRY, Cornborne, Cornwall, Tobaccoist Truro Pet April 8 Ord April 20
 PHILLIPS, ALFRED, St George's rd, Notting hill, Commission Agent High Court Pet April 21 Ord April 21
 PLAINFORD, HENRY SPENCER, Kingston upon Hull, Paper Makers Agent Kingston upon Hull Pet Mar 27 Ord April 20
 POLA, ANTHONY THOMAS, Leicester, Music Publisher, Leicester Pet April 20 Ord April 20

PURBLOVE, JONATHAN, Dunchurch, Warwick, Builder Coventry Pet April 19 Ord April 19
 RIPLEY, JOHN GEORGE, Middlebrough, Shipping Clerk Middlebrough Pet April 21 Ord April 21
 SOUTHAM, HERBERT ROBERT HENRY, Shrewbury, Wine Merchant Shrewbury Pet April 8 Ord April 21
 STIDSTON, SAMUEL, Palma Cross Green, Modbury, Devon Plymouth Pet April 19 Ord April 19
 THOMAS, EDWARD, St. Helen's, Lancs, Lodging House Keeper Liverpool Pet April 21 Ord April 21
 WADE, ALFRED, St. Helen's, I of W, Yacht Builder Newport Pet April 6 Ord April 17
 WATKINS, WILLIAM GEORGE, Bristol, Boot Dealer Bristol Pet April 20 Ord April 20
 WRIGHT, FRANK THOMAS, Balham High rd, Balham, Butcher Wandsworth Pet April 19 Ord April 19
 YATES, EMANUEL, Wath on Darn, Rotherham, Yorks, Fish Dealer Halifax Pet April 20 Ord April 20
 YATES, JOHN, Keighley, Yorks, Accountant Bradford Pet April 19 Ord April 19

Amended notice substituted for that published in the London Gazette of March 23:

CARRIS, WILLIAM ROBERT, Portsmouth, Corset Manufacturer Portsmouth Pet Mar 3 Ord Mar 17

FIRST MEETINGS.

ADAMS, WESLEY JAMES, Forest Town, Mansfield Woodhouse, Notts, Picture Frame Manufacturer May 4 at 11 Off Rec, 4, Castle pl, Park st, Nottingham
 AUSTIN-LEIGH, ANTHONY, Denbigh st, Fimlico, actor May 8 at 11 Bankruptcy bldgs, Carey st
 BARNARD, B W & Co, Leigh on Ees, Essex, Bakers May 8 at 12 14, Bedford row
 BECKETT, W. King st, Hammersmith, Draper May 8 at 1 Bankruptcy bldgs, Carey st
 BRIANT, FREDERICK WILLIAM, Hackford rd, Brixton, Music Hall Artist May 4 at 11 Bankruptcy bldgs, Carey st
 BUNN, HENRY ALFRED, Norwich, Travelling Hawker May 1 at 12 Off Rec, 8, King st, Norwich
 CARRIS, ANDREW MENNERS, Charing Cross rd, Tailor May 4 at 12 Bankruptcy bldgs, Carey st
 CONDE, HEDLEY WILKINS, Hale, Northampton, Farm Bailiff May 1 at 12 1, St Aldate's, Oxford
 COVENTRY, C J, St Leonards on Sea May 1 at 11 45 Off Rec, 68A, Castle st, Canterbury
 CRAVEN, FRED, Headingley, Leeds, Insurance Company Manager May 4 at 11 Off Rec, 24, Bond st, Leeds
 CRIPPS, RICHARD, St John's st, Smithfield, Manufacturer May 6 at 1 Bankruptcy bldgs, Carey st
 CUDDEY, CHARLES G, Broad court chmbrs, Bow st, Solicitor May 6 at 12 Bankruptcy bldgs, Carey st
 CUDMORE, LEWIS ALBERT, Great Torrington, Devon, Tailor May 8 at 3 94, High st, Barnstaple
 DANFELS, CHARLES HASSALL, Capel Kent, Farmer May 8 at 11 Bridge Hotel, Tunbridge Wells
 DOBSON, CHARLES FRANK, Middlebrough, Insurance Agent May 4 at 11 30 Off Rec, Court chmbrs, Albert rd, Middlebrough
 EVANS, WILLIAM LEWIS, Croft yr hdd, Llantrisant, Glam, Farmer May 4 at 11 Off Rec, Post Office chmbrs, Pontypidd

DAY, GEORGE FREDERICK, Droylsden, Lancs, Farmer June 5 Whitworth, Ashton under Lyne
 DODGSON, JOHN, Cockermouth, Cumberland May 22 Hayton & Co, Cockermouth
 EASTY, ELIZABETH JANE, Ormsby, Yorks May 20 Punch & Robson, Middlebrough
 EASTMENT, JOHN WILLOT, Midhurst, Sussex, Medical Practitioner May 21 Louch & Co, Langport, Somerset
 FLETCHER, JAMES, Seaham Harbour, Durham, Tailor May 23 Wright & Co, Seaham Harbour
 GOOCH, JULIA, Lowestoft May 31 Ellen & Co, Lowestoft
 HIGHAM, JAMES, Streteford, Lancs June 8 Heath & Sons, Manchester
 HOLLAND, JOSEPH, Manchester, Pipe Manufacturer June 8 Heath & Sons, Manchester
 HULBERT, FANNY, Waterlooville, Hants May 31 Metcalfe & Co, New sq, Lincoln's inn
 KYLE, WILLIAM, Elmhurst mans, Clapham June 1 Ingpen & Asmitage, South sq, Gray's inn
 KENTON, JAMES, Manchester, Engineer's Factor May 29 Gardner & Son, Manchester
 KING, SIR DUDLEY GORDON ALAN DUCKWORTH, Wear House, nr Exeter May 23 Dawson & Sons, Angel ct, Throgmorton st
 KIRK, WILLIAM, Old Trafford, nr Manchester, Railway Station Master May 22 Rowland, Manchester
 LEACH, JOHN GEORGE, Hallam st, Portland pl May 24 Currie & Co, Lincoln's inn fields
 LEATHERBARROW, JOSEPH, Streteford, Lancs, Potato Salesman June 8 Heath & Sons, Manchester
 MILNE, ANN, Liverpool May 15 Wightman & Co, Liverpool
 NOTTING, HENRY CORNELIUS, East Barnet, Wholesale Seed Merchant May 25 Moon & Co, Lincoln's inn fields
 PENNINGROTH, CHARLES EBERHARDT, Bradford, Music Seller May 15 Ratcliffe & Green-wood, Bradford
 PICKETT, JAMES, Haslingden, Lancs, Farmer June 12 Whitaker & Co, Haslingden
 PORTER, ELLY, Preston, Lancs May 31 Finch & Co, Preston
 KNITE, ALEX STUART, Wroughton, Wilts May 25 Kinnaird & Co, Swindon
 RAYNOLDS, WILLIAM, Balmstonborough, Somerset, Yeoman May 15 Reed & Reed, Bridgewater
 SCOTT, THOMAS WALTER, Chepstow pl, Baywater, Commercial Traveller May 30 Randall & Son, Copthall bldgs
 SHAFTO, ANN, Hoo Hill, nr Blackpool May 20 Sims & Syme, Manchester
 SHAFTO, WILLIAM JAMES, Churchtown, Southport May 20 Sims & Syme, Manchester
 SWAN, HENRY FREDERICK, Fradbois Hall, Northumberland May 25 Ryott & Swan, Newcastle upon Tyne
 TIKKES, SELINA, Manchester May 29 Rhodes, Manchester
 TORR, HENRY, Liverpool May 31 McGowan & Son, Liverpool
 WALKER, HARRY WALES, Leeds, Grocer May 31 Peckover & Scriven, Leeds
 WATSON, WILLIAM, Regent st June 1 Saxton & Morgan, Somerset ct, Portman sq
 WIGGINS, WILLIAM, Draughton, Northampton, Farmer May 17 J & C Markham, Northampton
 WILLS, SIR FREDERICK, Dulverton, Somerset July 1 Adams & Adams, Clement's inn Strand
 WILSON, DANIEL, Shillington, Beds, Wheelwright May 14 Wade, Hitchin, Herts
 WOOD, JAMES MARKS, Liverpool, Merchant June 10 Alsop & Co, Liverpool
 WOODS, MARIA, Elsham rd, Kensington June 7 Tyler, Clement's inn
 WRIGHT, BEATRICE LOUISE, Inverness ter, Baywater May 31 Whitehead, Queen Victoria st

FISHER, WILLIAM, Yeading, Yorks, Wheelwright May 4 at 11 30 Off Rec, 24, Bond st, Leeds
 FREEDMAN, GEORGE, Great Central Hotel, Marylebone rd, Motor Agent May 4 at 1 Bankruptcy bldgs, Carey st
 GRAY, ANNE, Huddersfield, Publican May 8 at 11 Off Rec, Bank chmbrs, Conington st, Dewsbury
 GRIGO, GEORGE THOMAS, Dunstable, Commission Agent May 8 at 12 Off Rec, Bridge st, Northampton
 HAUGH, ALFRED, Middlebrough, Tripe Dresser May 4 at 12 Off Rec, Court chmbrs, Albert rd, Middlebrough
 HAMILTON, CHARLES EDWARD, Hamlet gds, Ravenscourt Park, Theatrical Manager May 4 at 2 30 Bankruptcy bldgs, Carey st
 HOARE, EDWARD, Southall, Publican May 4 at 12 Off Rec, 14, Bedford row
 JACOB, HARRY, Northampton, Tobaccoist May 1 at 11 30 Off Rec, Bridge st, Northampton
 JENKIN, MARIA ELIZABETH, Trevels Mill, Constantine, Cornwall, Miller May 1 at 3 Off Rec, Old Miners Bank, Truro
 JONES, WILLIAM, Edmonton May 8 at 8 14, Bedford row
 JONES, WILLIAM, Upper Farm, Kimbolton, Hereford, Farmer May 1 at 12 2, Off st, Hereford
 KNIGHT, MAGGIE LOUISE, Machynlleth, Montgomery, Hotel Keeper May 1 at 11 Wynnstay Hotel, Machynlleth
 MORRISON, JAMES, Pontdunwille, Carnarvon, Baker May 8 at 12 Crypt chmbrs, Eastgate row, Chester
 MOUNT, EDWARD HENRY, Dover, Grocer May 1 at 10 30 Off Rec, 68A, Castle st, Canterbury
 PARKES, JOHN HENRY, Landport, Portsmouth, Beef Purveyor May 8 at 3 Off Rec, Cambridge junction, High st, Portsmouth
 POLA, ANTHONY THOMAS, Leicester, Dealer in Musical Instruments May 4 at 12 Off Rec, 1, Berridge st, Leicester
 RIPLEY, JOHN GEORGE, Burton on Trent, Plumber May 1 at 11 Off Rec, 47, Full st, Derby
 RIPLEY, JOHN GEORGE, Middlebrough, Yorks, Shipping Clerk May 11 at 11 30 Off Rec, Court chmbrs, Albert rd, Middlebrough
 SHARP, FREDERICK, Great Oakley, Essex, Grocer May 7 at 8 Cups Hotel, Colchester
 SMITH, HARRY, Bury, Chester, Farmer May 3 at 11 30 Crypt chmbrs, Eastgate row, Chester
 SNODGRASS, ALFRED EDWARD, Ridgmount gds, Gower st, Journalist May 3 at 12 Bankruptcy bldgs, Carey st
 SOUTHAM, HERBERT ROBERT HENRY, Shrewbury, Wine Merchant May 7 at 12 Lower Room, Music Hall, Shrewbury
 THOMAS, HORACE, HEDLEY WATSON PICKLES, and JOHN STOWARD, Morley, Yorks May 8 at 2 30 Off Rec, Bank chmbrs, Corporation st, Dewsbury
 WILLIAMS, JOHN, Arg-oddaw, Talyllyn, Cardigan, Farmer May 6 at 4 Towhall, Aberystwyth
 WILLIAMS, THOMAS, Eglwysbach, Denbigh, Butcher May 8 at 12 30 Crypt chmbrs, Eastgate row, Chester
 WRIGHT, FRANK THOMAS, Balham, Butcher May 3 at 11 30 123, York rd, Westminster Bridge
 YATES, EMANUEL, Wath on Darn, Rotherham, Yorks, Fish Dealer May 3 at 10 45 County Court, Prescott st, Halifax
 YATE, JEREMIAH ROBERT, Coventry, Motor Engineer May 3 at 12 Off Rec, 8, High st, Coventry
 YATES, JOHN, Keighley, Yorks, Accountant May 3 at 3 Off Rec, 12, Duke st, Bradford

ADJUDICATIONS.

ACKROYD, FREDERICK, Hartlepool, Durham, Innkeeper Sunderland Pet April 30 Ord April 20
 BAILEY, FRANCIS WILLIAM HENRY, St Andrews, Bristol, Decorator Bristol Pet April 19 Ord April 19
 BURGHOFF, WALTER EDGAR, Smethwick, Staffs, Tailor West Bromwich Pet Mar 22 Ord April 21
 CARR, WILLIAM ROBERT, Portsmouth, Corset Manufacturer Portsmouth Pet Mar 8 Ord April 16
 CONER, HEDLEY WILKINS, Biele, Northampton, Fashn Bailiff Banbury Pet April 14 Ord April 21
 CROFT, RICHARD, St John st, Smithfield, Manufacturer High Court Pet Mar 8 Ord April 19
 CROFT, Captain FRANK P, Colville mansions, Powis sq, Baywater, Army Captain High Court Pet Feb 17 Ord April 19
 DAVIES, GEORGE, Llanelly, Carmarthen, Haulier Carmarthen Pet April 21 Ord April 21
 EVANS, WILLIAM LEWIS, Croft yr Isadd, Llantrisant, Glam, Farmer Pontypriid Pet April 19 Ord April 19
 EYNOTT, GEORGE, Clarence Park, St Albans, Butcher's Manager St Albans Pet April 19 Ord April 19
 FIBBERUS, WILLIAM, Yeadon, Yorks, Wheelwright Leeds Pet April 20 Ord April 20
 HAMILTON, CHARLES EDWARD, Hamlet gdn, Ravenscourt Park, Theatrical Manager High Court Pet April 19 Ord April 19
 HAMILTON, JOHN ARTHUR LUSHINGTON MOORE, Gray's inn sq, Journalist High Court Pet Dec 28 Ord April 20
 HURTER, CHARLES VALENTINE, Doctors' Commons, Architect High Court Pet Jan 23 Ord April 19
 JONES, JAMES PROVAN, Gt Winchester st, Stock Broker High Court Pet Jan 28 Ord April 16
 JONES, NAOMI, Blaenau Ffestiniog, Merioneth Portmadoc Pet April 19 Ord April 19
 KESSELS, JULIUS RUDOLF, Birchfields, Stafford, Foreign Merchant Birmingham Pet April 17 Ord April 21
 LOCKIER, ERNEST UGILL, Morden, nr Warcham, Dorset, Farmer Poole Pet March 29 Ord April 19
 PARKER, JOHN HENRY, Landport, Portsmouth, Hants, Ham Purveyor Portsmouth Pet April 19 Ord April 19
 PEARCE, WILLIAM HENRY, Camborne, Cornwall, Tobacconist Tyuro Pet April 8 Ord April 21
 PHILLIPS, ALFRED, Notting Hill, Commission Agent High Court Pet April 21 Ord April 21
 PLAMPTON, HERBERT SPENCER, Kingston upon Hull, Paper Maker's Agent Kingston upon Hull Pet March 27 Ord April 20
 POLE, ARTHUR THOMAS, Leicester, Music Publisher Leicester Pet April 20 Ord April 20
 POTTMACHER, BENNO, Gt Tower st, Tea Merchant High Court Pet Mar 11 Ord April 19
 PORELOV, JONATHAN, Dunchurch, Warwick, Builder Coventry Pet April 21 Ord April 19
 REBET, JOHN GEORGE, Middlesbrough, Shipping Clerk Middlesbrough Pet April 21 Ord April 21
 STELLING, ARTHUR RUSSELL, Sjenham High Court Pet Jan 26 Ord April 19
 STALLWORTHY, CHARLES BURCE, Lordship ln, East Dulwich, Boot Maker High Court Pet April 3 Ord April 21
 STODDART, SAMUEL, Palm Cross Green, Modbury, Devon Plymouth Pet April 19 Ord April 19
 THOMAS, EDWARD, St Helens, Lancs, Lodging House Keeper Liverpool Pet April 21 Ord April 21
 VAVASOR, SIR WILLIAM EDWARD JOSEPH, Tadcaster, Yorks High Court Pet Mar 25 Ord April 20
 WATKINS, WILLIAM GEORGE, Bristol, Boot Dealer Bristol Pet April 20 Ord April 20
 WATSON, WILLIAM, Dunston on Tyne, Durham, Dairyman Newcastle on Tyne Pet Mar 23 Ord April 19
 WISE, WILLIAM, Southsea, Agent Portsmouth Pet Dec 21 Ord Jan 4
 WOLLMANN, THOMAS DAVIS, Beaumont sq, Blouse Maker High Court Pet Mar 15 Ord April 19
 YATES, EMANUEL, Wath on Darn, Rotherham, Fish Dealer Halifax Pet April 20 Ord April 20
 YATES, JOHN, Keighley, Yorks, Accountant Bradford Pet April 19 Ord April 19

ADJUDICATION ANNULLED.

BOHNEGALLS, ERNEST, Holinwood, Oldham, Butcher Oldham Adjud Dec 9, 1899 Annul April 15, 1909

ADJUDICATION ANNULLED, RECEIVING ORDER RESCINDED, AND PETITION DISMISSED.

PEARCE, HENRY ERNEST, Wintering mads, Elgin av, High Court Pet Mar 17, 1908 Rec Ord July 1, 1908 Adjud July 29, 1908 Annul April 14, 1909

London Gazette—TUESDAY, April 27.

RECEIVING ORDERS.

BROOMAN, FRANK BOWEN, Westcliffe on Sea, Essex Chelmsford Pet April 24 Ord April 24
 BURROWS, MARSHALL VICTOR, Rushden, Northampton, Boot Manufacturer Northampton Pet Mar 12 Ord April 24
 CAMPION, ALFRED ERNEST, Burnley, Painter Burnley Pet April 22 Ord April 22
 CARSON, MURRAY, Ken ct, Tatsfield, Surrey, Actor Croydon Pet April 24 Ord April 22
 CHAMBERS, WILLIAM VALENTINE, Hoxton st, Licensed Victualler High Court Pet Mar 18 Ord April 23
 COE, CHARLES, and THOMAS COE, Brantham, Suffolk, Farmers Ipswich Pet April 19 Ord April 19
 COHEN, DAVID, Short st, Spitalfields, Poulterer High Court Pet April 23 Ord April 23
 DERRIS, WILLIAM ARTHUR, Wells, Norfolk, Tailor Norwich Pet April 24 Ord April 24
 FORSTER, JOHN MARKS, Leeds, Furniture Dealer Leeds Pet Mar 31 Ord April 21
 GLADMAN, WILLIAM, Balls Cross, Petworth, Sussex, Shoeing Smith Brighton Pet April 23 Ord April 23
 GOODYEAR, CHARLES, Ryhill, Yorks, Coal Miner Bainsley Pet April 24 Ord April 24
 GREEN, HARFORD, Bishops Stortford, General Merchant Hertford Pet Mar 12 Ord April 23
 HARMON, NELSON, Ashton under Lyne, Grocer Ashton under Lyne Pet Mar 24 Ord April 22
 HEDGES, F W, Beaconsfield, Builder Aylesbury Pet Feb 17 Ord April 23
 HORN, WILLIAM THOMAS BOURN, Dover, Outfitter Canterbury Pet April 24 Ord April 24
 JAMES, MORGAN WILLIAM, Llanelly, Carmarthen, Chemist Carmarthen Pet April 22 Ord April 22
 JAMES, RICHARD, Dinas Powis, Glam, Butcher Cardiff Pet April 21 Ord April 21
 KELLY, WILLIAM, Swindon, Dairyman Swindon Pet April 22 Ord April 23
 LOCK, JOHN, West Coker, Somerset, Miller Yeovil Pet April 23 Ord April 23
 MIDDLETON & Co, Dover, Electricians Canterbury Pet April 7 Ord April 24
 MORE, PENNY, Gosmont, Mornmouth, Licensed Victualler Hereford Pet April 23 Ord April 23
 PARTON, SAMUEL, Boston, Lincs, Baker Boston Pet April 23 Ord April 23
 SARGANT, ALFRED, Wellingborough, Northampton, Commercial Traveller Northampton Pet Mar 9 Ord April 24
 SEAMAN, WILLIAM, South Norwood, Builder Croydon Pet Mar 16 Ord April 20
 SHARREN, CHARLES FREDERICK, Arles, Beds, Builder Bedford Pet April 22 Ord April 22
 SKINNER, FRANK, Salcombe gdn, Clapham Common Wandsworth Pet Mar 29 Ord April 22
 THOMPSON, EDWARD JOSEPH, Sandwich, Kent, Baker Canterbury Pet April 23 Ord April 23
 TREBLE, FREDERICK WILLIAM, Central Wroughton, nr Swindon, Tailor Swindon Pet April 23 Ord April 22
 WALKER, ERNEST EDWARD, Kingston upon Hull, Paper Merchant Kingston upon Hull Pet April 23 Ord April 23
 WESTWOOD, JOHN, Quarry Bank, Staffs, Grocer Stourbridge Pet April 21 Ord April 21
 WHITTLE, WILLIAM, Clayton, Lancs, Leather Currier Ashton under Lyne Pet April 22 Ord April 22
 WOODS, PERCIVAL FRANK, Elmoot, Old Malden, Surrey, Commercial Traveller Kingston, Surrey Pet April 21 Ord April 21

FIRST MEETINGS.

ACKROYD, FREDERICK, Hartlepool, Innkeeper May 5 at 3 Off Rec, 3, Manor pl, Sunderland
 BAILEY, FRANCIS WILLIAM HENRY, St Andrews, Bristol, Decorator May 5 at 11.30 Off Rec, 36, Baldwin st, Bristol

BROOKS, ALFRED, Cremwell, Derby, Grocer May 5 at 12 Off Rec, Figtree ln, Sheffield
 BROWN, WILLIAM CHARLES, Burlington ln, Chiswick, Provision Dealer May 6 at 12 14, Bedford row
 BURROWS, MARSHALL VICTOR, Rushden, Northampton, Boot Manufacturer May 6 at 12 Royal Hotel, Kettering
 CARSON, MURRAY, Ken ct, Tatsfield, Surrey, Actor May 7 at 12 132, York rd, Westminster Bridge
 CATTERALL, ANNIE, Manchester, Wine Merchant May 7 at 3 Off Rec, Byron st, Manchester
 CHAMBERS, WILLIAM VALENTINE, Hoxton st, Licensed Victualler May 7 at 1 Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st
 COE, CHARLES, and THOMAS COE, Brantham, Farmers May 5 at 2.30 Off Rec, 36, Princes st, Ipswich
 COHEN, DAVID, Short st, Spitalfields, Poulterer May 7 at 12 Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st
 DAVIES, GEORGE, Llanelly, Carmarthen, Haulier May 12 at 11 Off Rec, 4, Queen st, Carmarthen
 EYNOTT, GEORGE, St Albans, Butcher's Manager May 6 at 3 14, Bedford row
 FORSTER, JOHN MARKS, Leeds, Furniture Dealer May 5 at 3 Off Rec, 117, St Mary's st, Cardiff
 GREEN, HARFORD, Bishops Stortford, General Merchant May 7 at 3 Room 88, Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st
 HOWARD, THOMAS, and PERCY SAMUEL WILLIAM HENLEY, Little Bytham, Tomato Growers May 5 at 2.30 Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st
 JONES, FRANK CLARKSON, Chilton Kings, Cheltenham, Merchant May 7 at 3 County ct bldg, Cheltenham
 JAMES, RICHARD, Dinas Powis, Glam, Butcher May 5 at 3 Off Rec, 117, St Mary's st, Cardiff
 JONES, NAOMI, Blaenau Ffestiniog, Merioneth May 10 at 12 Crypt chmbrs, Eastgate row, Chester
 JONES, WILLIAM, Penllyn, Llandawyd Bredf, Cardigan, Farmer May 12 at 10.30 Off Rec, 4, Queen st, Carmarthen
 PATRIDGE, HERBERT, West Bromwich, Coal Merchant May 5 at 11.30 Ruskin chmbrs, 191, Corporation st, Birmingham
 PHILLIPS, ALFRED, Colville sq, Notting hill, Commission Agent May 5 at 12 Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st
 BOWEN, HENRY ANTHONY LUXE, Helston, Cornwall, Ironmonger May 5 at 12 Off Rec, Old Miners Bank, Truro
 SEAMAN, WILLIAM, Portland rd, South Norwood, Builder May 5 at 12 132, York rd, Westminster Bridge
 SKINNER, FRANK, Salcombe gdn, Clapham Common May 7 at 11.30 132, York rd, Westminster Bridge
 STODDART, SAMUEL, Palm Cross Green, Modbury, Devon May 7 at 12 7, Buckland ter, Plymouth
 WALKER, ALFRED, St Helens, Yacht Builder May 6 at 1.15 Off Rec, 33A, Holyrood st, Newport, I of W
 WATKINS, WILLIAM GEORGE, Bristol, Boot Dealer May 5 at 11.45 Off Rec, 36, Baldwin st, Bristol
 WOODS, PERCIVAL FRANK, Elmoot, Old Malden, Surrey, Commercial Traveller May 5 at 11.30 122, York rd, Westminster Bridge

ADJUDICATIONS.

ACKROYD, FREDERICK, Hartlepool, Innkeeper May 5 at 3 Off Rec, 3, Manor pl, Sunderland
 BAILEY, FRANCIS WILLIAM HENRY, St Andrews, Bristol, Decorator May 5 at 11.30 Off Rec, 36, Baldwin st, Bristol
 BROOMAN, FRANK BOWEN, Westcliffe on Sea, Essex Chelmsford Pet April 24 Ord April 24
 BURROWS, MARSHALL VICTOR, Rushden, Northampton, Boot Manufacturer Northampton Pet Mar 12 Ord April 24
 CAMPION, ALFRED ERNEST, Burnley, Painter Burnley Pet April 22 Ord April 22
 CARSON, MURRAY, Ken ct, Tatsfield, Surrey, Actor Croydon Pet April 24 Ord April 22
 CHAMBERS, WILLIAM VALENTINE, Hoxton st, Licensed Victualler High Court Pet Mar 18 Ord April 23
 COE, CHARLES, and THOMAS COE, Brantham, Suffolk, Farmers Ipswich Pet April 19 Ord April 19
 COHEN, DAVID, Short st, Spitalfields, Poulterer High Court Pet April 23 Ord April 23
 COLTON, CHARLES HENRY, Gt Grimsby Lincoln Pet Mar 23 Ord April 23
 CUSPNEY, ALFRED GEORGE, Bury st, St James, Financial Agent High Court Pet Dec 15 Ord April 22
 DERRIS, WILLIAM ARTHUR, Wells, Norfolk, Tailor Norwich Pet April 24 Ord April 24
 EVANS, HORACE, Redminster, Bristol, Old Dealer Bristol Pet April 3 Ord April 22
 GLADMAN, WILLIAM, Balls Cross, Petworth, Sussex, Shoeing Smith Brighton Pet April 23 Ord April 23

THE LICENSES INSURANCE CORPORATION AND GUARANTEE FUND, LIMITED.

24, MOORGATE STREET, LONDON, E.C.

ESTABLISHED IN 1890.

EXCLUSIVE BUSINESS—LICENSED PROPERTY.

X

SPECIALISTS IN ALL LICENSING MATTERS.

Upwards of 650 Appeals to Quarter sessions have been conducted under the direction and supervision of the Corporation.

X

Suitable Insurance Clauses for inserting in Leases or Mortgages of Licensed Property, Settled by Counsel, will be sent on application.

GOODYEAR, CHARLES, Ryhill, Yorks, Coal Miner Barnsley
Pet April 24 Ord April 24
HARRINGTON, MAURICE PRICE, Sefton Park, Liverpool,
Clerk Liverpool Pet April 21 Ord April 24
HOARE, EDWARD, Southall, Publican Windsor Pet March
29 Ord April 22
HORN, WILLIAM THOMAS BOURN, Dover, Outfitter Canter-
bury Pet April 24 Ord April 24
HUNTINGTON, ROBERT, Penrith, Cumberland, Fishmonger
Carlisle Pet April 7 Ord April 24
JAMES, MORGAN WILLIAM, Llanelly, Carmarthen, Chemist
Carmarthen Pet April 21 Ord April 22
JAMES, RICHARD, Dimes Fowls, Glam, Butcher Cardiff Pet
April 21 Ord April 21
JONES, WILLIAM, Penllwyd, Llandewi Brefi, Cardigan,
Farmer Carmarthen Pet Mar 29 Ord April 23
KELLY, WILLIAM, Swindon, Dairyman Swindon Pet April
23 Ord April 23
KING, HENRY, Berkeley sq. Property Dealer High Court
Pet Sept 29 Ord April 23
LOCK, JOHN, West Coker, Somerset, Miller Yeovil Pet
April 23 Ord April 23
MACDONALD, FREDERICK, Old st, Manufacturer of Cycles
High Court Pet April 7 Ord April 22
MOSES, PERCY, Grosvenor, Mon, Licensed Victualler Here-
ford Pet April 23 Ord April 23
PANTON, SAMUEL, Boston, Baker Boston Pet April 23
Ord April 23
PARRY, BERNARD, Rhyl, Flint, Hay Merchant Bangor
Ord April 7 Ord April 23
PEARSON, THOMAS HENRY, Norfolk House, Victoria Embank-
ment High Court Pet May 27, 1908 Ord Mar 24
SHERREN, CHARLES FREDERICK, Arlessey, Bedford, Builder
Bedford Pet April 22 Ord April 22
THOMPSON, EDWARD JOSEPH, Sandwick, Kent, Baker Can-
terbury Pet April 23 Ord April 23
TRENLE, FREDERICK WILLIAM, Central Wroughton, W.
Swindon, Tailor Swindon Pet April 22 Ord April 22
WALKER, RENEY EDWARD, Kingston upon Hull, Paper
Merchant Kingston upon Hull Pet April 23 Ord
April 23
WESTWOOD, JOHN, Quarry Bank, Staffs, Grocer Stour-
bridge Pet April 21 Ord April 21
WHITTLE, WILLIAM, Clayton, Lancs, Leather Currier Ash-
ton under Lyne Pet April 22 Ord April 22
WOODS, PERCIVAL FRANK, Old Malden, Surrey, Commer-
cial Traveller Kingston, Surrey Pet April 21 Ord
April 21
WRIGHT, FRANK THOMAS, Balham High rd, Raham,
Butcher Wandsworth Pet April 19 Ord April 22
YOUNGSON, ETHEL LILLIAN, Edgbaston, Warwick, Innkeeper
Stourbridge Pet April 7 Ord April 22

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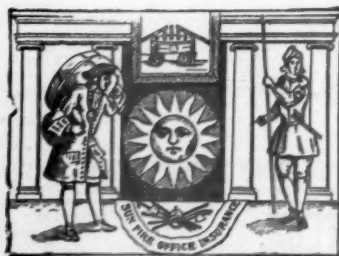
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THIS EVENING, at 8.0, THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL: Mr. Tree, Mr. Henry Neville, Mr. Henry V. Esmond, Mr. Basil Gill, Mr. Robert Lorraine, Mr. Charles Quartermaine, Mr. James Hearn, Mr. Edward Terry, Mr. Hermann Vesin, Mr. Lionel Brough, Mr. Godfrey Tearle, Mr. Robert Cunningham; Miss Marie Lohr, Miss Suzanne Sheldon, Miss Dagmar Wiehe, Miss Ellis Jeffreys.

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THIS EVENING, at 8.30, COLONEL SMITH. Mr. GEORGE ALEXANDER and Miss IRENE VANBRUGH.

NEW THEATRE.

THIS EVENING, at 8, HENRY OF NAVARRE: JULIA NEILSON and FRED TERRY.

PRINCE OF WALES.

THIS EVENING, at 8, KING OF CADONIA: Mr. Huntley Wright, Mr. Bertram Wallis, Mr. Roland Cunningham; Miss Gracie Leigh, Miss Isabel Jay.

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THIS EVENING, at 8.30, ROSE STAHL, in THE CHORUS LADY.

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THIS EVENING, at 9, AN ENGLISHMAN'S HOME. At 8.30, Mr. Cyril Clensy.

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